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METRO NORTH EDUCATION DISTRICT

LIFE SCIENCES P1 GRADE 12 MARKING GUIDELINE

COMMON EXAMINATION SEPTEMBER 2024

MARKS: 150

TIME: 2 1/2 hours

This exam paper consists of 10 pages.

DBE/Feb.-Mar. 2012



PRINCIPLES RELATED TO MARKING LIFE SCIENCES

1. If more information than marks allocated is given

Stop marking when maximum marks is reached and put a wavy line and 'max' in the right-hand margin.

2. If, for example, three reasons are required and five are given

Mark the first three irrespective of whether all or some are correct/incorrect.

3. If whole process is given when only part of it is required

Read all and credit relevant part.

4. If comparisons are asked for and descriptions are given

Accept if differences / similarities are clear.

5. If tabulation is required but paragraphs are given

Candidates will lose marks for not tabulating.

6. If diagrams are given with annotations when descriptions are required

Candidates will lose marks

7. If flow charts are given instead of descriptions

Candidates will lose marks.

8. If sequence is muddled and links do not make sense

Where sequence and links are correct, credit. Where sequence and links is incorrect, do not credit. If sequence and links becomes correct again, resume credit.

9. Non-recognised abbreviations

Accept if first defined in answer. If not defined, do not credit the unrecognized abbreviation but credit the rest of answer if correct.

10. Wrong numbering

If answer fits into the correct sequence of questions but the wrong number is given, it is acceptable.

11. If language used changes the intended meaning

Do not accept.

12. Spelling errors

If recognizable accept provided it does not mean something else in Life Sciences or if it is out of context.

13. If common names given in terminology

Accept provided it was accepted at the National memo discussion meeting.



- If only letter is asked for and only name is given (and vice versa)
 No credit
- If units are not given in measurements
 Candidates will lose marks. Memorandum will allocate marks for units separately
- 16. Be sensitive to the sense of an answer, which may be stated in a different way.
- Caption
 All illustrations (diagrams, graphs, tables, etc.) must have a caption
- 18. Code-switching of official languages (terms and concepts)
 A single word or two that appears in any official language other than the learners' assessment language used to the greatest extent in his/her answers should be credited, if it is correct.



SECTION A

QUES	STION 1	DO NOT MARK IF 2 ANSWERS GIVEN		
1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9 1.1.10	B ✓ ✓ B/A x B ✓ ✓ B ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ C ✓ ✓ D ✓ ✓ A ✓ ✓	(10x2)	(20)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6 1.2.7 1.2.8 1.2.9 1.2.10	Amniotic√ egg Vas deferens ✓ / sperm duct Choroid ✓ Prolactin ✓ Homeostasis ✓ Endocrine ✓ system Corpus luteum ✓ Parasympathetic✓ system Thermoregulation ✓ NOT TEMPERATURE REGULATION Thorns ✓/ Spines	(10x1)	(10)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3	B only ✓ ✓ / 多 🕶 . Both A and 后 👓 ✓ ¼ AB/ A,B/ beth/ NQT A/B A only ✓ ﴿ LA ※ ﴿	(3x2)	(6)
1.4	1.4.1 (a) (b) (c)	Thyroid ✓gland Adrenal ✓ gland Pancre as ✓ gland	(1) (1) (1)	
	1.4.2 (a) (b) (c)	ÆSਜ ✓ / Thyroid stimulating hormone Pituitary ✓ gland/ Hypophysis (Negative feedback mechanism) ✓	(1) (1) (1)	
	1.4.3	Adrenalin ✓	(1)	
	1.4.4	Glucagon ✓ SA EXAM	(1) (8)	

1.5	1.5.1 (a) (b)	Motor ✓ neuron Sensory ✓ neuron	(1) (1)
	1.5.2	Cell body ✓	(1)
	1.5.3 (a) (b)	B ✓ A ✓	(1) (1)
	1.5.4	11 🗸	(1) (6)

TOTAL SECTION A: 50



SECTION B

QUESTION 2

2.1	2.1.1	B - ossicles ✓ C – Oval window✓	(2)
	2.1.2	A ✓ Tympanic membrane ✓ / Tympanum/Eardrum	(2)
	2.1.3	Absorbs excess (pressure waves)√ from the inner ear/ prevents echo	(1)
	2.1.4	- The person will suffer from hearing loss ✓ * / be deaf because - pressure will not be equalised on either side of the tympanic membrane ✓ - no/less vibrations in the middle ear ✓ / ossicles	(2)
		Compulsory mark ✓* + Any 2	(3)
	2.1.5	 tympanic membrane/Part A vibrates and transmits the vibrations to the ossicles in the middle ear the ossicles amplify the vibrations to the oval window pressure waves will form in the cochlea/inner ear receptors in the Oran of the Corti/hair cells are stimulated 	
		Any 6	(6) (14)
2.2	2.2.1	 Stimulates ovulation ✓ (description of ovulation) Stimulates the formation of the Corpus luteum ✓ 	(2)
	2.2.2	- The increase in oestrogen ✓	
		- caused an increase in the thickness ✓ of the endometrium	(2)
	2.2.3	 increase in hormone B/ progesterone: is to maintain the lining of the endometrium√ for implantation√/pregnancy 	(2)
	2.2.4	high levels of hormone B - inhibits the pituitary gland ✓ from secreting FSH - so that no new follicle is formed ✓	
		- preventing ovulation✓	(3) (9)
2.3	2.3.1	(a) Epididymis ✓	(1)
		(b) Urethra SA EXAM PAPERS	(1)

 (b) – The medulla oblongata that controls heartrate ✓ - that is not affected ✓ by the concussion The zygote divides by mitosis ✓ - To form a ball of cells ✓ called the morula The morula divides mitotically ✓ - To form a hollow ball of cells ✓ - Known as a blastocyst/blastula ✓ [NOT blastocyte] 		 Part A/ acrosome contains e that digest the outer membrar 		
Called spermatogenesis in males Called spermatogenesis ✓ Stimulated by testosterone✓ Takes place in the testes ✓/ seminiferous tubules Results in 4 sperm cells being produced ✓ Process starts at puberty ✓ (b) B ✓ Corpus callosum ✓ (c) E ✓ Pituitary gland ✓/ Hypophysis 2.4.2 - Cranium ✓ Meninges ✓ [cerebrospinal fluid] 2.4.3 (a) Cerebrum ✓ (b) — The medulla oblongata that controls heartrate ✓ - that is not affected ✓ by the concussion - The zygote divides by mitosis ✓ - To form a ball of cells ✓ called the morula - The morula divides mitotically ✓ - To form a ball of cells ✓ - Known as a blastocyst/blastula ✓ [NOT blastocyte] - The blastocyst is implanted in the endometrium ✓ - Any	2.3.3	to neutralize the acidic conditi it contains mucus ✓ / provides to facilitate the movement of t it contains nutrients ✓ to supply the sperm with ener (Mark first ONE only)	s medium he sperm√ gy√ Any (1 X 2)	
Called spermatogenesis✓ Stimulated by testosterone✓ Takes place in the testes✓/ seminiferous tubules Results in 4 sperm cells being produced✓ Process starts at puberty✓ (Mark first TWO only) 2.4.1 (a) F ✓ Corpus callosum✓ (b) B ✓ Cerebellum ✓ (c) E ✓ Pituitary gland ✓ / Hypophysis 2.4.2 - Cranium ✓ Meninges ✓ [cerebrospinal fluid] 2.4.3 (a) Cerebrum✓ (b) – The medulla oblongata that controls heartrate ✓ - that is not affected ✓ by the concussion - The zygote divides by mitosis ✓ - To form a ball of cells ✓ called the morula - The morula divides mitotically ✓ - To form a hollow ball of cells ✓ - Known as a blastocyst/blastula ✓ [NOT blastocyte] - The blastocyst is implanted in the endometrium ✓ Any	234		1	
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(Mark first TWO only) 2.4.1 (a) F ✓ Corpus callosum ✓ (b) B ✓ Cerebellum ✓ (c) E ✓ Pituitary gland ✓ / Hypophysis 2.4.2 - Cranium ✓ Meninges ✓ [cerebrospinal fluid] 2.4.3 (a) Cerebrum ✓ (b) – The medulla oblongata that controls heartrate ✓ - that is not affected ✓ by the concussion - The zygote divides by mitosis ✓ - To form a ball of cells ✓ called the morula - The morula divides mitotically ✓ - To form a hollow ball of cells ✓ - Known as a blastocyst/blastula ✓ [NOT blastocyte] - The blastocyst is implanted in the endometrium ✓ Any				
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 To form a ball of cells ✓ called the morula The morula divides mitotically ✓ To form a hollow ball of cells ✓ Known as a blastocyst/blastula ✓ [NOT blastocyte] The blastocyst is implanted in the endometrium ✓ Any 				
				9
		 that is not affected √by the The zygote divides by m To form a ball of cells√ The morula divides mito To form a hollow ball of Known as a blastocyst/b 	e concussion hitosis called the morula tically cells lastula [NOT blastocyte]	

QUESTION 3



3.1	3.1.1	Internal fertiliztion	(1)
	3.1.2	 Sperm are deposited inside the female body thereby increasing the chances of fertilisation Gametes/zygotes are inside the body therefore protected from predators / evironmental dangers (Mark first ONE only) 	
		((2)
	3.1.3	 The eggs hatched inside the female's body and the young are born live 	(2) (5)
3.2	3.2.1	- (Eye) accommodation✓	(1)
	3.2.2	- lens is transparent To allow light to pass through - lens is biconvex For refraction of light - The lens is elastic and can change shape/convexity (Mark first TWO only) Any (2X2)	(4)
		(Mark linst TWO Offly) Arry (2/2)	(4)
	3.2.3	The (central) diameter of the lens decreases as the distance of the object from the eye increases. ✓ ✓	(2)
	3.2.4	 It is more convex✓ so that light rays are refracted/bent more✓ to form a clear image on the retina✓/ to focus on the retina 	(3) (10)
3.3	3.3.1	(a) Diabetes ✓ mellitus	(1)
		 (b) – The pancreas of this person produces low levels of insulin √/cells are insulin resistant blood glucose is not converted to glycogen√/glucose is not absorbed into the cells 	(2)
	3.3.2	13 − 4 ✓ = 9 ✓	(2)
	3.3.3	- Glucagon✓ - Adrenalin✓	(2) (7)
3.4	3.4.1	- Will creatine supplementation have an effect on the levels of testosterone in the blood of weightlifting males?✓✓	(2)
	3.4.2	- healthy✓ - same age✓ SA EXAM PAPERS	

		- same diet ✓ - same training routine✓ (Mark first TWO only)	Any 2	(2)
	3.4.3	- 100 ✓ men were used - investigation was done for 8 weeks✓		(2)
	3.4.4	- Testosterone levels in the blood were measured ✓ - before the administering of the creatine supplement ✓		(2)
	3.4.5	The creatine supplement had no effect on the levels of testosterone in the blood of weightlifting males. ✓✓		(2)
	3.4.6	 stimulates puberty✓ stimulates formation of sperm cells✓ 		(2) (12)
3.5	3.5.1	Diagram M✓		(1)
	3.5.2	 Blood vessels are constricted √/vasoconstriction occurred Less blood flows to the skin surface √ Heat is retained / less or no heat is lost √ 	l	(3)
	3.5.3	 Sweat gland becomes more active ✓ More sweat is produced ✓ and transported to the surface of the skin ✓ 		(3) (7)

3.6.1 Geotropism (1)

3.6.2 Auxins (1)

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3.6.3 - Due to gravity✓

- there is a higher concentration of auxins on the lower side ✓ of the stem
- which stimulates growth√
- therefore, growth will occur mainly on the lower side ✓

- causing the stem to grow/bend upwards√

(5)

3.6.4 - The leaves of the stem will receive more sunlight ✓/face the sunlight

for more photosynthesis√

OR

- Exposes the flowers more favourably√
- for pollination ✓/seed dispersal

(Mark first ONE only)

Any (1X2) (

(9)

TOTAL SECTION 100

B:

150

TOTAL:

