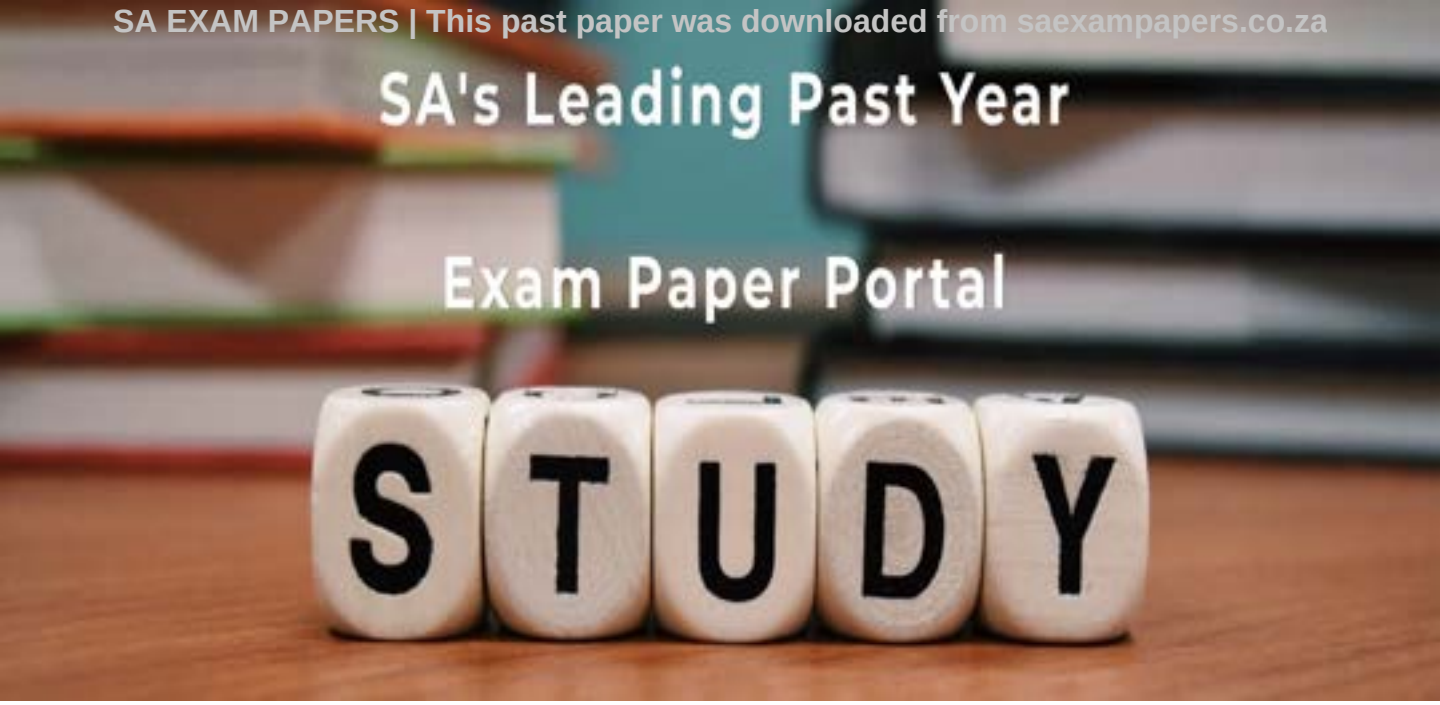


KWAZULU-NATAL PROVINCE

EDUCATION
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICS P2

PREPARATORY EXAMINATION

SEPTEMBER 2024

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 13 pages and 1 information sheet.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

1. This question paper consists of 10 questions.

2. Answer **ALL** the questions in the ANSWER BOOK provided.

3. Clearly show **ALL** calculations, diagrams, graphs, et cetera that you have used in determining your answers.

4. Answers only will not necessarily be awarded full marks.

5. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.

6. If necessary, round off your answers to TWO decimal places, unless stated otherwise.

7. Diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.

8. An information sheet with formulae is included at the end of the question paper.

9. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

The Human Resource Department of a company in KwaZulu–Natal wants to create a model to be used in determining the monthly salaries of its employees. Twelve of their current employees were surveyed and the information is displayed in the table below:

Employees' experience in number of years (x)	26	1	3	5	6	6	10	14	12	33	20	8
Salary in R1000s per month (y)	20	9	10,5	11	10	12	16	15	12	23	18	9

1.1 **Calculate** the

1.1.1 mean of the monthly salaries of these twelve employees. Round your answer off to the nearest rand. (2)

1.1.2 standard deviation of the monthly salaries of these twelve employees. Round your answer off to the nearest rand. (1)

1.2 How many of the twelve employees earn a monthly salary that is more than one standard deviation above the mean? (2)

1.3 Determine the equation of the least squares regression line for the data given in the table. (3)

1.4 Calculate the correlation coefficient between the experience in years and the monthly salary of an employee. (1)

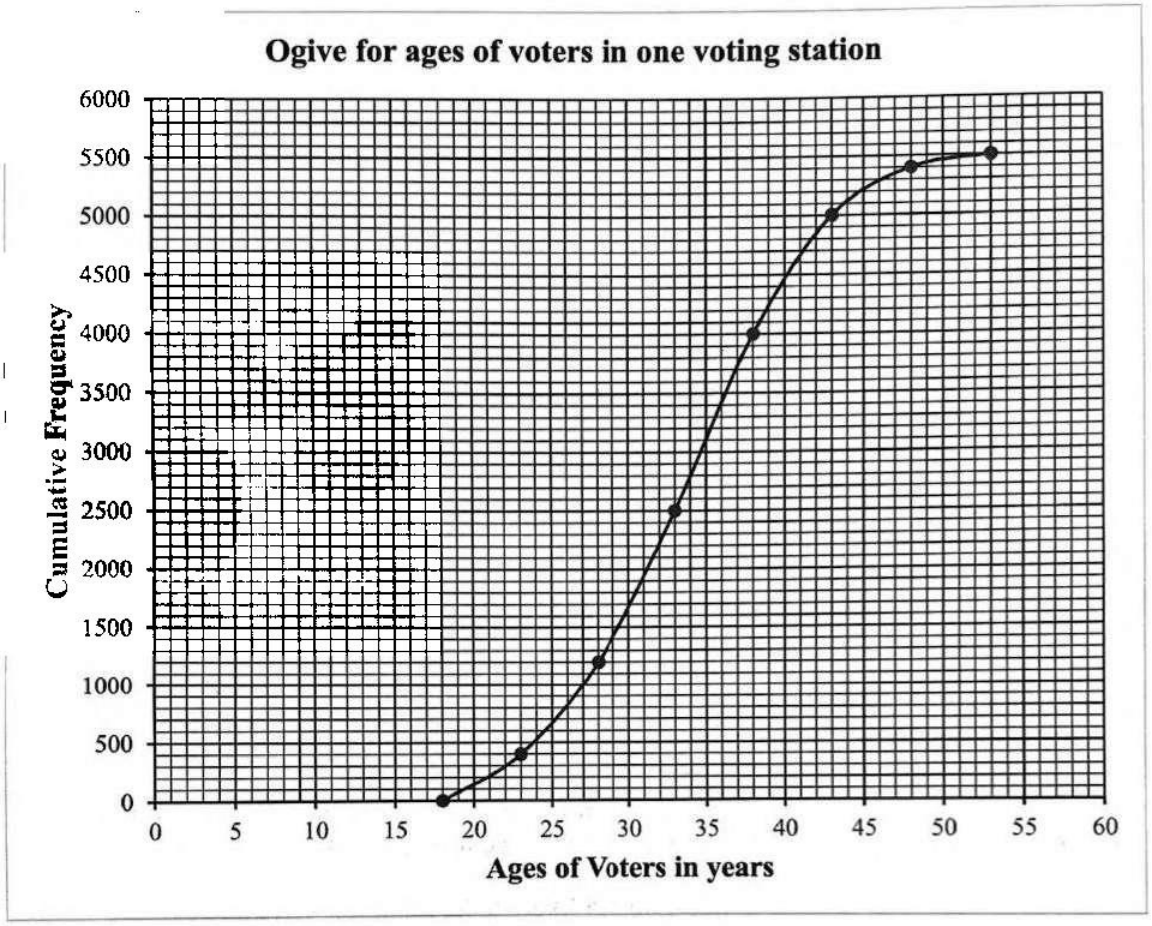
1.5 Predict what the monthly salary will be of an employee who has been working for this company for 30 years. Round your answer off to the nearest rand. (2)

1.6 Is the prediction that is made in question 1.5 likely to be reliable? Give a reason for your answer. (2)

[13]

QUESTION 2

The cumulative frequency graph (ogive) drawn below shows the ages of the people who voted in the Local Government elections at one voting station. Use the graph to answer the questions that follow.



2.1 How many people voted at this voting station? (1)

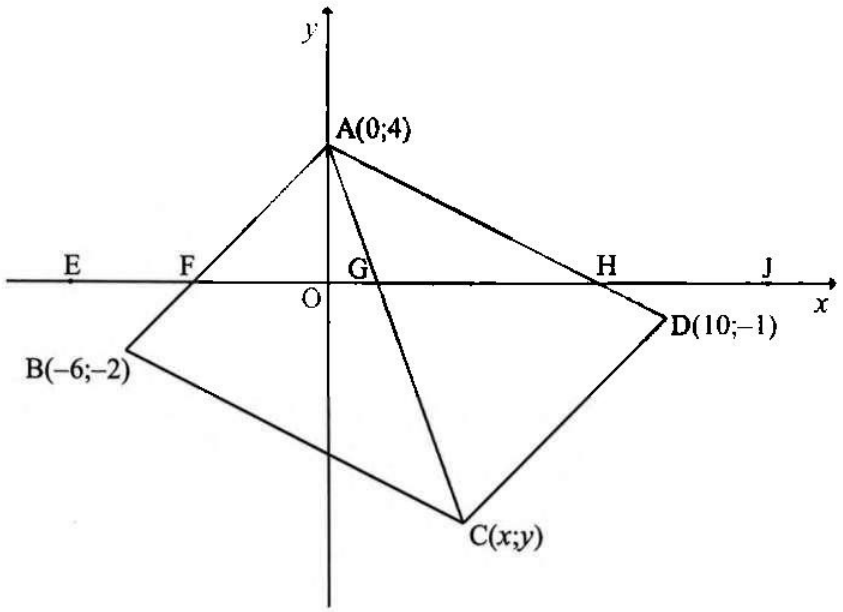
2.2 Determine the interquartile range of the ages of the voters. (3)

2.3 What percentage of the voters was 25 years or younger? (2)

[6]

QUESTION 3

ABCD is a parallelogram with $A(0;4)$, $B(-6;-2)$, $C(x;y)$ and $D(10;-1)$ as shown below.
AC is drawn. F, G and H are the x-intercepts of AB, AC and AD respectively.
E is a point on the x-axis to the left of F and J a point on the x-axis to the right of H.



3.1 Determine the gradient of AB. (2)

3.2 Determine the equation of CD. (3)

3.3 Determine the coordinates of M, the midpoint of AC. (3)

3.4 Determine the coordinates of C. (2)

3.5 Determine the size of $B\hat{C}D$. (6)

[16]

QUESTION 4

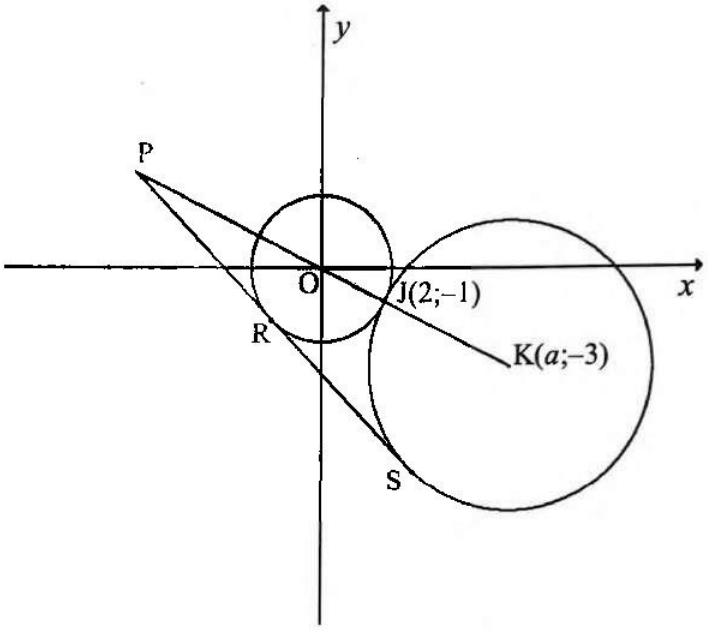
4.1 The diagram below shows two circles touching at $J(2;-1)$.

The smaller circle has its centre at the origin and the bigger circle has centre $K(a;-3)$.

The length of the radius of the bigger circle is TWICE the length of the radius of the smaller circle.

SR is a tangent to both circles, touching the bigger circle at S and the smaller circle at R.

KO and SR are both produced to intersect in point P.



4.1.1 Calculate the length of the radius of the smaller circle. (2)

4.1.2 Show that $a=6$. (3)

4.1.3 Determine the equation of the bigger circle. (2)

4.1.4 Does the point $(10;-4)$ lie outside, inside or on the bigger circle? (3)

4.1.5 Calculate the length of PS. (5)

4.2 The length of the diameter of the circle with equation $x^2-4x+y^2+5y=-d$ is 24.

Determine:

4.2.1 the coordinates of the centre of the circle. (4)

4.2.2 the value of d. (3)

[22]

QUESTION 5

5.1 If $\tan 58° = n$, determine the following in terms of n without using a calculator.

5.1.1 $\sin 58°$ (3)

5.1.2 $\sin 296°$ (4)

5.1.3 $\cos 2°$ (3)

5.2 Given the following identity:

$$\frac{1-\cos 2x}{\sin 2x} = \tan x$$

5.2.1 Prove the identity. (3)

5.2.2 Use the identity to determine the value of $\tan 15°$ in its simplest form. **No calculator may be used.** (3)

5.3 Simplify to a single trigonometric ratio:

$$\sin(360° + x).\cos(90° + x) - \frac{\sin x}{\cos(-x).\tan(360° - x)}$$ (6)

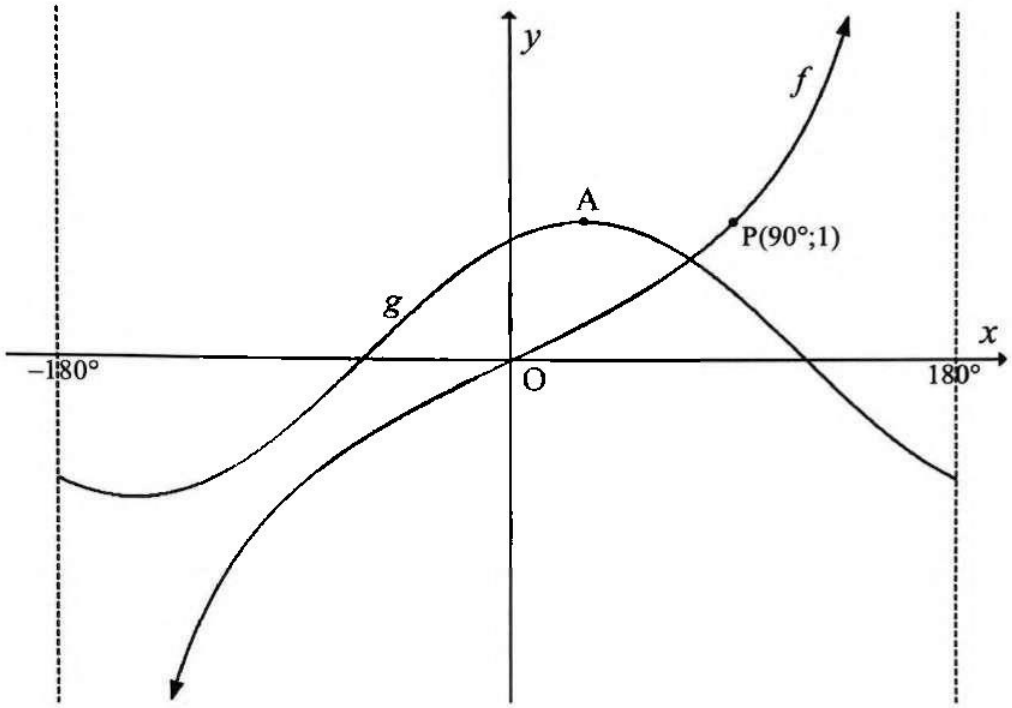
5.4 Determine the general solution of: $\cos 2x - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}\sin x$ (6)

5.5 For which values of k will $\sin(2x + 30°) + k = 3$ have no solution? (5)

[33]

QUESTION 6

In the diagram below, the graphs of $f(x)=\tan bx$ and $g(x)=\cos(x-30°)$ are drawn on the same system of axes for $-180°\le x\le 180°$.
The point $P(90°\,;\,1)$ lies on f.



Use the diagram to answer the following questions:

6.1 Determine the value of b. (1)

6.2 Write down the period of g. (1)

6.3 Write down the coordinates of A, a turning point of g. (2)

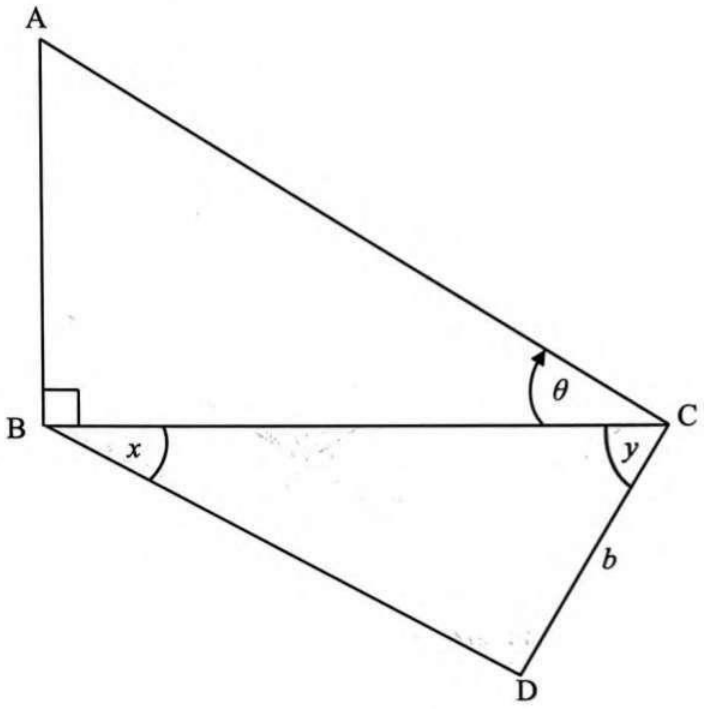
6.4 Write down the equation(s) of the asymptote(s) of $y=\tan b(x+20°)$ for $x\in[-180°;180°]$. (1)

6.5 Determine the range of h if $h(x)=2g(x)-1$. (2)

[7]

QUESTION 7

In the diagram, B, C and D lie in the same horizontal plane.
BD = 2CD.
$C\hat{B}D = x$, $B\hat{C}D = y$ and CD = b meters.
AB is a vertical tower.
The angle of elevation of A from C is θ.



7.1 Show that $\sin y = 2\sin x$. (2)

7.2 Prove that $AB = b\tan\theta\sqrt{5+4\cos(x+y)}$ (7)

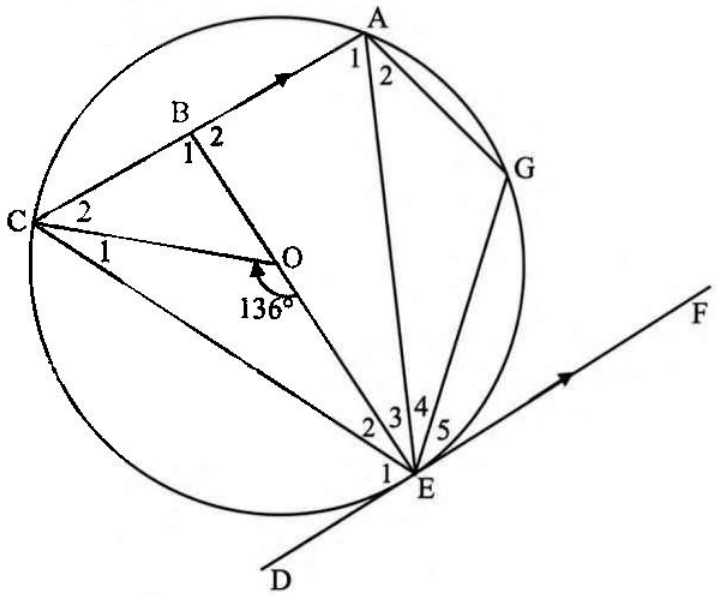
7.3 Hence, determine the height of the tower, rounded off to two decimal places, if:
$b = 54{,}8$ metres, $x = 31°$, $\theta = 42{,}6°$ and $y = 75{,}84°$. (2)

[11]

GIVE REASONS FOR YOUR STATEMENTS IN QUESTIONS 8, 9 AND 10.

QUESTION 8

In the diagram, A , C, E and G are points on the circumference of the circle with centre O. $C\hat{O}E = 136°$. DEF is a tangent to the circle at E, with DF||CA. BOE is a straight line, with B a point on AC. AE is drawn. $AC = 14$ units.



8.1 Calculate, with reasons, the size of each of the following:

8.1.1 $\hat{A}_1$ (2)

8.1.2 $\hat{E}_1$ (2)

8.1.3 $B\hat{C}E$ (2)

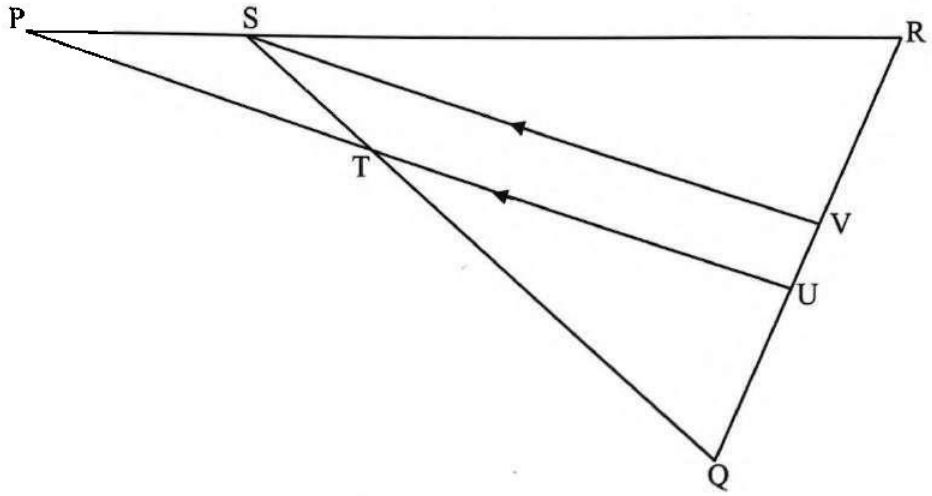
8.1.4 $\hat{G}$ (2)

8.2 Calculate, with reasons, the length of AB. (5)

[13]

QUESTION 9

In the diagram, ΔQRS is a triangle with RS produced to P. U and V are points on QR such that PU||SV. PU intersects QS in T. $\frac{QU}{UR}=\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{QT}{TS}=\frac{5}{2}$.

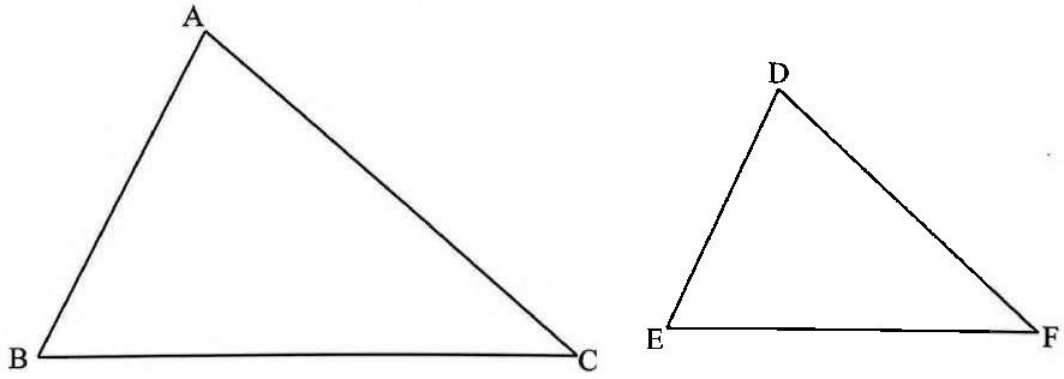


Calculate, giving reasons, the value of $\frac{PS}{SR}$. (6)

[6]

QUESTION 10

10.1 In the diagram below, ΔABC and ΔDEF are drawn with $\hat{A}=\hat{D}$, $\hat{B}=\hat{E}$ and $\hat{C}=\hat{F}$.



Use the diagram in the ANSWER BOOK to prove the theorem which states that if two triangles are equiangular, then the corresponding sides are in proportion, i.e. $\frac{AB}{DE}=\frac{AC}{DF}$. (6)