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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

JUNE 2024

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2 MARKING GUIDELINE

MARKS: 100

Symbol	Explanation	
M	Method	
M/A	Method with accuracy	
CA	Consistent accuracy	
A	Accuracy	
C	Conversion	
S	Simplification	
RT/RG/RD/RM	Reading from a table/graph/diagram/map	
SF	Correct substitution in a formula	
0	Opinion/Explanation//Reasoning	
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.	
R	Rounding off	
NPR	No penalty for rounding	
AO	Answer only	
MCA	Method with consistent accuracy	
RCA	Rounding consistent with accuracy	

This marking guideline consists of 10 pages.



MARKING GUIDELINES

NOTE:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled version).
- Consistent Accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however, it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra incorrect item presented.



MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2

KEY TO TOPIC SYMBOL:

F = Finance; M = Measurement; MP = Maps, plans and other representations; P = Probability

QUESTION 1 [20 MARKS]

ANSWER ONLY FULL MARKS

Ques.	Solution	Explanation	Level
1.1.1	The perimeter of a shape is the total distance around the edges defining the outline of that shape. $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A correct explanation	M L1
	OR		
	Total distance around the shape. ✓✓A	(2)	
1.1.2	Length of wall = $\frac{370}{100} \checkmark C$ = 3,7 m \checkmark A	1C convert cm to m 1A correct answer	M L1
		(2)	
1.1.3	$P = length + length + height + height$ $= 3.7 + 3.7 + 2.1 + 2.1 \checkmark M$ $= 11.6 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{CA}$	CA from 1.1.2 1M adding correct values 1CA correct answer from 1.1.2	M L1
		(2)	
1.2.1	Distance cycled = $\frac{75}{0,6214}$ \checkmark MA = 120,6952044 \approx 120,7 km \checkmark A	1MA dividing correct values 1A correct answer NPR	M L1
	Accept: 121 km / 120,695 km	(2)	
1.2.2	Total distance logged: = 120,7 km + 114,3 km + 271 km + 148,1 km ✓M = 654,1 km ✓CA Accept 654,4 km / 654,095	CA from 1.2.1 1M adding correct values 1CA correct answer (2)	M L1
1.3.1	Pniel ✓✓RT	2RT reading from map (2)	MP L1
1.3.2	5 water points ✓ ✓ RT	2RT correct answer (2)	MP L1
1.3.3	N1 ✓✓RT	2RT correct answer (2)	MP L1
1.3.4	SW or Southwest ✓✓RT	2RT correct direction (2)	MP L1
1.3.5	Helshoogte Pass ✓ ✓ RT	2RT correct answer (2)	MP L1
		[20]	



QUEST	TION 2 [24 MARKS]		
		T 1 (*	T 1
Ques.	Solution Solution	Explanation	Level
2.1.1	Bar Scale ✓✓A OR Linear Scale ✓✓A OR Graphic ✓✓A		MP
	Scale	scale	L1
		(2)	
2.1.2	N6 ✓RT and N1 ✓RT	1RT first national road	MP
		1RT second national	L1
		road	
		Accept any order	
		(2)	
		1.0	7.57
2.1.3	North A	1A first direction	MP
	North East OR NE ✓ A	1A second direction	L2
		(2)	
2.1.4	His wife will be crossing the border between two countries	2O opinion	MP
2.1.7	and therefore needs a passport. $\checkmark\checkmark$ O	20 opinion	L4
	and incretore needs a passport.		ъ.
	OR		
	His wife will enter another country. ✓✓O	(2)	
	The wife will enter unetier country.	(2)	
	√M	1M subtracting correct	F
2.1.5	% difference = $\frac{R22,49 - R21,77}{R21,77} \times 100\%$ \checkmark M	values	L4
	$R21,77 \checkmark A 10076 $	1M multiplying with	
		100%	
	= 3,307% \(\sigma \text{CA}\)	1A correct denominator	
	Statement is invalid – it will cost less than 4% ✓ O	1CA simplification	
	OD	10 opinion	
	OR ✓M		
		OP	
	% difference = $\frac{(R22,49 \times 75) - (R21,77 \times 75)}{(R21.77 \times 75) \checkmark A} \times 100\% \checkmark M$	OR	
		1M subtracting correct	
		values	
	$=\frac{1.686,75-1.632,75}{1.000\%}$	1M multiplying with	
	$=\frac{1686,75-1632,75}{1632,75}\times100\%$	100%	
		1A correct denominator	
	$= 3.307\% \checkmark CA$	1CA simplification	
	Statement is invalid – it will cost less than 4%. ✓O	10 opinion (5)	
		(3)	



(EC/JUNE 2024)

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2

2.2.1	Staff working at the gates need to go	home. 🗸 🗸 O	2O reason	MP
	OR			L4
	The wild animals in the park make it be in unprotected parts during the night			
	OR Animals are not visible in the dark, property when people can see the animals.			
	OR			
	Access control $\checkmark\checkmark$ O			
	To avoid overcrowding ✓✓O			
	OR			
	Security reasons $\checkmark \checkmark O$			
	So that people travelling from far or National Park, can plan ahead. ✓ ✓ O			
	OR		(2)	
	Accept any other valid reason.			
2.2.2	Other camps = 5 Main camps = 7 ✓ RT		1RT number of both camps	MP L2
	Difference = $7 - 5 = 2 \checkmark CA$		1CA difference with 1 correct camp AO (2)	
2.2.3	Distance = speed × time			MP
2.2.3	$ \sqrt{RT} $ 54 km = 50 km/h × time \sqrt{SF}		1RT distance 1SF substitution with 50	L3
	Time on gravel road $= \frac{54 \text{ km}}{\sqrt{S}}$	If calculated as follows do not	km/h	
	$\begin{vmatrix} = \frac{54 \text{ km}}{50 \text{ km/h}} & \sqrt{S} \\ = 1,08 \text{ h} \end{vmatrix}$	penalise.	1S change the formula	
	= 1h 4 min 48 sec ✓ C	1h05min	1C converting time	
	Time he will arrive at the gate is: 17:15 + 1:4:48	17:15 + 1h05min = 18:20	1CA arrival time	
	= 18:19:48 ✓CA		(5)	



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2.2.4	The roads are not so busy / people drive slower / more animals are visible. ✓✓O	2O reason	MP L4
	OR		
	It is the scenic route. ✓✓O		
	OR		
	To experience a sense of adventure. ✓ ✓ O		
	OR		
	Gravel roads give you more access (short cut) to different parts of the park. ✓✓O		
	OR		
	The route blends in with nature and gives a more authentic bushveld experience. $\checkmark \checkmark O$		
	OR		
	Accept any other reasonable answer.	(2)	
		[24]	



<u>(EC</u>	(EC/JUNE 2024) MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2 7				
OUEST	TION 3 [36 MARKS]				
QUEST	TON D DO NAMES				
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	Level		
3.1.1	Number of coloured pencils across = 83 ÷ 6 ✓ M = 13,833333✓ CA ≈ 13 pencils ✓ R	1M dividing diameters 1CA simplification 1R number of pencils	M L4		
	Number of coloured pencils down = $22 \div 16.7 \checkmark M$ = 1.317365269 $\approx 1 \text{ pencil } \checkmark R$	1M dividing heights 1R number of pencils			
	Total number of pencils in one container = 13 × 1 = 13 pencils ✓ CA	1CA number of pencils in one container			
	Number of pencils in 3 containers = 13 × 3 ✓ M = 39 pencils ✓ CA ∴ Correct ✓ O	1M multiply by 3 1CA total number of pencils 1O opinion (9)			
3.1.2	Probability of taking a purple pencil from a container $= \frac{6}{39} \checkmark A$ $= 0.153846153$ $\approx 0.154 \checkmark R$	CA from 3.1.1 1A numerator 1A denominator 1R 3 decimal places (3)	P L2		
3.2.1 (a)	Area of rectangle = length × width = 150 mm × 120 mm \checkmark C \checkmark SF = 18 000 mm ² \checkmark A	1C convert to mm 1SF substitution 1A area of rectangle (3)	M L2		
			_		
(b)	Area of circle $= \pi \times \text{radius}^2$ $= 3,142 \times 40^2 \checkmark \text{A}$ OR $3,142 \times 40 \times 40 \checkmark \text{A}$ $= 5 027,2 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$ $= 5 027,2 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$ Area without photo $= 18 000 \text{ mm}^2 - 5 027,2 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 12 972,8 \text{ mm}^2$ $\approx 12 973 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	CA from 3.2.1 (a) 1A radius 1CA area of circle 1MCA subtracting two areas 1CA rounding to nearest mm ²	M L3		
		iiiiii			



3.2.2	Surface area of gift box = 2 (length × width) + 2 (width × height) + 2 (length × height) = 2 (38.8×27.5) + 2 (27.5×30.0) + 2 (38.8×30.0) \checkmark SF \checkmark A = 2 134 + 1 650 + 2 328 \checkmark S = 6 112 cm ² \checkmark CA	1SF substitution 1A correct values 1S simplification 1CA surface area (4)	M L2
3.3.1	Diameter = $31 \text{ m} \times 2 \checkmark \text{M}$ = $62 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1M multiply radius by 2 1A correct diameter (2)	M L2
3.3.2	Maximum height = $50 \text{ m} + 31 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{MA}$ = $81 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1MA adding correct values 1A answer (2)	M L2
3.3.3	Circumference = $2 \times \pi$ x radius = $2 \times 3,142 \times 31 \checkmark SF$ = $194,804 \times 2$ = $389,608 \text{ m} \checkmark MA$	1SF substitution 1MA multiply by 2 and answer NPR (2)	M L2
3.3.4	Number of households = $\frac{1750}{25}$ \checkmark M = 70 households \checkmark A	1M dividing by 25 1A correct answer (2)	M L1
3.4	Volume of 2 cylindrical basins used three times a day = $\pi \times r^2 \times h$ = $(3,142 \times 30^2 \times 45) \times 2 \times 3 \checkmark \text{SF} \checkmark M$ = $763\ 506\ \text{cm}^3 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1SF substitution 1M multiplying by 2 and 3 1CA volume	M L3
	Litres of water used daily $= \frac{763\ 506}{1\ 000} \times \frac{3}{4} \checkmark C$	1C converting to litres 1CA 3/4 litres of water	
	OR Volume of 2 cylindrical basins used three times a day $= \pi \times r^2 \times h$ $= (3,142 \times 30^2 \times 45) \times 2 \times 3 \checkmark \text{SF} \checkmark M$ $= 763 506 \text{ cm}^3 \checkmark \text{CA}$ Litres of water used daily $= 763 506 \times \sqrt[3]{4}$ $= 572 629,5 \text{ cm}^3$	1SF substitution 1M multiplying by 2 and 3 1CA volume of water	
	$= \frac{572629.5}{1000} \checkmark C$ = 5726295 litros (CA)	1C converting to litres 1CA ³ / ₄ litres of water	
	= 572,6295 litres ✓ CA	(5)	
		[36]	



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QUEST	TION 4 [20 MARKS]		
Ques.	Solution	Explanation	Level
4.1.1	Total number of hours: Friday: $24:00 - 15:30 = 8,5 \text{ hours} \checkmark A$ Saturday - Monday = $24 \text{ hours} \times 3 \text{ days} = 72 \text{ hours} \checkmark A$ Tuesday = $10 \text{ hours} \checkmark A$ Total number of hours = $8,5 + 72 + 10$ = $90,5 \text{ hours} \checkmark MA$ Invalid $\checkmark O$	1A number of hours on Friday 1A number of hours for 3 days 1A number of hours on day of departure 1MA adding correct values and correct answer. 1O opinion (5)	M L4
4.1.2	radius = $\frac{\text{diameter}}{2} = \frac{10}{2} = 5 \text{ cm}$ \checkmark_A Volume of cylinder = 3,142 × radius ² × height 1 571 cm ³ = 3,142 × 5 ² × height \checkmark_{SF} Height = $\frac{1571}{78,55}$ \checkmark_{M} Height = 20 cm \checkmark_{CA}	1A find radius 1SF substitution 1M change subject of the formula 1CA finding the height (4)	M L3
4.1.3	Area of top and bottom surface = $78,55 \text{ cm}^2 \times 2 \checkmark M$ = $157,1 \text{ cm}^2 \div 100^2 \checkmark C$ = $0,01571 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark S$ Total cost = $0,01571 \text{ m}^2 \times R144,65 \checkmark M$ = $R2,27 \checkmark CA$ OR Area of top = $78,55 \text{ cm}^2 \div 100^2 \checkmark C$ = $0,007855 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark S$ Cost of wood of top = $0,007855 \times R144,65 \checkmark M$ = $R1,13622575$ Total cost = $R1,13622575 \times 2 \checkmark M$ = $R2,27 \checkmark CA$	1M multiply by 2 1C divide by 100 ² 1S simplification of answer in m ² 1M multiply R144,65 1CA answer OR 1C divide by 100 ² 1S simplification of answer in m ² 1M multiply R144,65 1M multiply R144,65 1M multiply by 2 1CA answer (5)	F L3
4.2.1	Actual length = 3,4 cm \times 65 \checkmark M = 221 cm \checkmark A	1M multiply correct values and correct answer 1A answer	MP L2



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4.2.2	Probability = $\frac{3}{7} \checkmark A$	1A numerator 1A denominator	P L2
		(2)	
4.2.3	The main bedroom. ✓A	1A correct room	MP
	Room is facing north. ✓O	1O opinion	L4
		(2)	
		[20]	
		TOTAL: 100	

