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 Department:  
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**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2/  
 WISKUNDIGE GELETERDHEID V2**

**MAY / JUNE 2024**

**MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 100**

<b>Symbol/Kode</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>
<b>MA</b>	Method with accuracy/ <i>Metode met akkuraatheid</i>
<b>CA</b>	Consistent accuracy/ <i>Volgehoueakkuraatheid</i>
<b>A</b>	Accuracy/ <i>Akkuraatheid</i>
<b>C</b>	Conversion/ <i>Herleiding</i>
<b>S</b>	Simplification/ <i>Vereenvoudiging</i>
<b>RT</b>	Reading from a table/graph/document/diagram/ <i>Lees vanaftabel/grafiek/document/diagram</i>
<b>SF</b>	Correct substitution in a formula/ <i>Korrektevervanging in 'n formule</i>
<b>O</b>	Opinion/Explanation/ <i>Opinie/Verduideliking</i>
<b>P</b>	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc./ <i>Penalisasie, bv. virgeeneenhede, verkeerdeafronding, ens.</i>
<b>R</b>	Rounding off/ <i>Afronding</i>
<b>NPR</b>	No penalty for rounding/ <i>Geen penalisasie vir afronding nie</i>
<b>AO</b>	Answer only/ <i>Slegsantwoord</i>
<b>MCA</b>	Method with constant accuracy/ <i>Metode met volgehoueakkuraatheid</i>
<b>J</b>	Justification

**These marking guidelines consist of 11 pages including 2 pages of notes.  
 Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 11 bladsye insluitende 2 bladsye met notas.**

**NOTE:**

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error or break-down.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra item presented.
- Rounding is an independent mark.
- General principle of marking, if the candidate makes one mistake one mark is deducted.
- A conclusion mark can only be given if relevant calculations precedes it (at least 1 mark before conclusion).
- No penalty for rounding (NPR) if the first decimal is correct, except questions involving money.

**LET WEL:**

- *As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.*
- *As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek (kanselleer) en nie oordoen nie, sien die doodgetrekte (gekanselleerde) poging na.*
- *Volgehoue akkuraatheid (CA) word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas; dit hou egter op by die tweede berekeningsfout of 'break-down'.*
- *Wanneer 'n kandidaat aflesings vanaf 'n grafiek, tabel, uitlegplan en kaart geneem en ekstra antwoorde gee, penaliseer vir elke ekstra item.*
- *Afronding tel as 'n afsonderlike punt.*
- *Die algemene beginsel van merk as 'n leerder een fout maak, word een punt afgetrek.*
- *'n Gevolgtrekkingspunt kan slegs gegee word indien relevante berekening dit voorgaan (ten minste een punt voor die gevolgtrekking).*
- *Geen penalisering vir ronding (NPR) as die eerste desimaal korrek is nie, behalwe as vrae geld insluit.*

QUESTION/VRAAG 1 [20 MARKS/PUNTE]		ANSWER ONLY FULL MARKS	
Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
* 1.1.1	C ✓✓A	2A correct explanation (2)	M L1
* 1.1.2	D ✓✓A	2A correct explanation (2)	M L1
* 1.1.3	B ✓✓A	2A correct explanation (2)	M L1
1.2.1	Radius / Radius = 75 mm ÷ 2 ✓MA = 37,5 mm ✓A	1MA dividing by 2 1A simplification (2)	M L1
1.2.2	= 385g ÷ 1 000 ✓MA = 0,385 kg ✓A	1MA dividing by 1 000 1A simplification (2)	M L1

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
1.3.1	Strip chart (map) / <i>Strookkaart</i> ✓✓A	2A correct type (2)	MP L1
1.3.2	N2 ✓✓A	2A correct national route (2)	MP L1
* 1.3.3	78 km ✓✓A	2A correct distance (2)	MP L1
1.3.4 (a)	✓A      ✓A Paarl / Worcester / Robertson	1A correct town 1A correct town (2)	MP L1
* 1.3.4 (b)	Total distance / <i>Totale afstand</i>  = 51 km + 46 km + 50 km + 21 km ✓MA = 168 km ✓A	1MA adding correct values 1A simplification (2)	MP L1
		<b>[20]</b>	

<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 2 [24 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
2.1	3 people / mense ✓✓A	2A correct number (2)	MP L1
2.2	0 chairs / stoele ✓✓A	2A correct number (2)	MP L2
* 2.3	✓RT 4 : 20 ✓MA 1 : 5 ✓CA	1RT number of tables and chairs 1MA correct order 1CA simplification (3)	MP L1
2.4	4 power outlets / krag punte ✓✓A	2A correct number (2)	MP L2
2.5	100% ✓✓A	2A probability (2)	P L2
2.6	Table / Tafel 2 ✓✓A	2A correct table (2)	MP L2
* 2.7 (a)	16 cm ✓✓A	2A measurement in cm Accept: 15 – 17 cm (2)	MP L1
* 2.7 (b)	16 cm : 11 m ✓MA 16 cm : 11 m × 100 16 : 1 100 ✓C 1 : 68,75 ✓CA ≈ 1 : 70 ✓R	<b>CA from question 2.7 (a)</b> 1MA concept of scale  1C conversion  1CA simplification 1R correct rounding (4)	MP L3

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
2.8	14 chairs / <i>stoele</i>  Odd numbers / <i>Ongelykke getalle</i>  = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13  Probability / <i>Waarskynlikheid</i>  $= \frac{7 \checkmark A}{14 \checkmark A}$ $= 0,5 \checkmark CA$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification  (3)	P L2
* 2.9	To keep conference material safe, such as laptops, projectors, extension cords / $\checkmark \checkmark O$ <i>Om konferensie materiaal soos skoot rekenaars,</i> <i>projectors en verlengingskooorde veilig te hou.</i>	2O reason  (2)	MP L4
		[24]	

<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 3 [ 25 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
3.1.1	<p>Area of wall A / <i>Area van die muur A</i></p> $= 4,3 \text{ m} \times 2,7 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 11,61 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ <p>Area of wall B / <i>Area van die muur B</i></p> $= 7,4 \text{ m} \times 2,7 \text{ m}$ $= 19,98 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ <p>Total surface area</p> $= 11,61 \text{ m}^2 + 19,98 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 31,59 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	<p>1MA multiplying correct values</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>1A simplification</p> <p>1MA adding correct surface area</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p><b>NPR</b></p> <p>(5)</p>	M L2
* 3.1.2	$12 \text{ mm} \div 10$ $= 1,2 \text{ cm} \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ $31,59 \text{ m}^2 \times (100)^2 \quad \checkmark\text{C}$ $= 315\,900 \text{ cm}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ <p>Volume = <math>315\,900 \text{ cm}^2 \times 1,2 \text{ cm} \quad \checkmark\text{SF}</math></p> $= 379\,080 \text{ cm}^3 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	<p><b>CA from Question 3.1.1</b></p> <p>1A thickness in cm</p> <p>1C conversion <math>\text{m}^2</math> to <math>\text{cm}^2</math></p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>1SF substitution</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>(5)</p>	M L3



Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
3.2.1	$= 3,785 \ell \times 1\,000 \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 3\,785 \text{ ml} \checkmark\text{A}$	$1\text{MA} \times 1\,000$ 1A simplification (2)	M L1
* 3.2.2	Starting time / <i>Begin tyd</i> $\checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 11:30 - 1 \text{ hour/uur} - 4 \text{ hours/uur} \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 06:30 \checkmark\text{CA}$	$1\text{MA}$ subtracting 1 hour $1\text{MA}$ subtracting 4 hours $1\text{CA}$ simplification <b>AO</b> (3)	M L2
* 3.2.3	Total number of litres needed / <i>Aantal liter benodig</i> $= \frac{35 \text{ m}^2}{6 \text{ m}^2} \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 5,8333333333 \ell \checkmark\text{CA}$ $= 10 \ell \checkmark\text{R}$	$1\text{MA}$ dividing by $6 \text{ m}^2$ $1\text{CA}$ simplification $1\text{R}$ correct rounding (3)	M L2
* 3.3.1	Length of Z / <i>Lengte van Z</i> $= 7,4 \text{ m} - 4 \text{ m} - (2 \times 0,5 \text{ m})$ $\checkmark\text{A}$ $= 7,4 \text{ m} - 4 \text{ m} - 1 \text{ m} \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 2,4 \text{ m} \checkmark\text{CA}$	$1\text{A}$ diameter $1\text{MA}$ subtracting values $1\text{CA}$ simplification (3)	M L2
* 3.3.2	Circumference / <i>Omtrek</i> $= \pi \times d$ $= 3,142 \times 1 \text{ m} \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= 3,142 \text{ m} \checkmark\text{CA}$ $= 3,142 \text{ m} \times 100 \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 314,2 \text{ cm} \checkmark\text{A}$	$1\text{SF}$ correct substitution $1\text{CA}$ simplification $1\text{MA}$ multiplying by 100 $1\text{A}$ simplification (4)	M L2
			[25]



<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 4   31 MARKS/PUNTE</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
4.1.1	Bar scale / Linear scale / Line scale / Graphic scale <i>Staafskaal / Liniêre skaal / Lynskaal / Grafiese skaal</i> ✓✓A	2A correct scale (2)	MP L1
4.1.2	Kwa Maritane ✓✓A	2A correct game lodge (2)	MP L1
4.1.3	South East / SE <i>Suid-Oos / SO</i> ✓✓A	2A general direction (2)	MP L2
* 4.1.4	Speed / <i>Spoed</i> ✓SF 521,6 km = speed × 5 hrs 12 min $\text{Speed} = \frac{521,6 \text{ km}}{5,2 \text{ hours}} \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 100 \text{ km/h} \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ His statement is VALID / <i>Sy bewering is GELDIG</i> ✓O	1SF correct substitution (521,6 km) 1MA change subject of formula 1A correct time (5,2 hours) 1CA simplification 1O conclusion (5)	MP L4
4.1.5	Return trip / <i>Re-toer</i> $= 521,6 \text{ km} \times 2$ $= 1\,043,2 \text{ km} \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ Fuel used / <i>Brandstof gebruik</i> $= \frac{1\,043,2 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km}} \times 7,3 \ell \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 76,1536 \ell \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ Fuel cost / <i>Brandstof koste</i> $= 76,1536 \ell \times \text{R}22,92 \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= \text{R}1\,745,44 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ Cost per person / <i>Koste per persoon</i> $= \text{R}1\,745,44 \div 4$ $= \text{R}436,36 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	1A total distance 1MA fuel consumption rate 1A simplification 1MA multiplying with R22,92 1CA fuel cost 1CA cost per person (6)	M L3



<b>NOTES:</b>																						
<b>***CA-Mark can only be awarded if one of the two values is correct.</b>																						
<b>QUESTION 1</b>																						
1.1	Learners wrote explanation (sentence) = full marks																					
1.3.3	<p><b>AFRIKAANS ONLY / SLEGS AFRIKAANS</b></p> $= \frac{\text{Leerder se punt}}{18} \times 20$ <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Leerder se punt uit 18</th> <th>Leerder se punt uit 20</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>10</td><td>11</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>13</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>14</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>17</td><td>19</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>20</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Die vraestel Totaal bly 100, ons pas slegs Vraag 1 aan.</p>	Leerder se punt uit 18	Leerder se punt uit 20	10	11	11	12	12	13	13	14	14	16	15	17	16	18	17	19	18	20	
Leerder se punt uit 18	Leerder se punt uit 20																					
10	11																					
11	12																					
12	13																					
13	14																					
14	16																					
15	17																					
16	18																					
17	19																					
18	20																					
1.3.4 b	Adding at least 3 correct values = ✓MA	1/2 marks																				
<b>QUESTION 2</b>																						
2.3	✓MA 3 : 20 ✓CA <b>OR</b> 1 : 6,67	2/3 marks																				
2.7 a	Measure according to layout plan learners received (range – 1 up and 1 down)																					
2.7 b	Calculate scale according to measure distance in 2.7.a																					
2.9	Storage / a place to store items used in the conference room. Make the room look neat – everything is packed away. For filing purposes.	2/2 marks																				
<b>QUESTION 3</b>																						
3.1.2	Answer in m <sup>3</sup> = 0,37908 m <sup>3</sup>	3/5 marks																				
3.2.2	Starting time / <i>Begin tyd</i>  ✓MA = 11:30 – 1 hour/uur – 1 hour/uur – 4 hours/uur ✓MA = 05:30 ✓CA	3/3 marks																				
3.2.3	Apply 2 coats = 15 ℓ	3/3 marks																				
3.3.1	Subtract radius = 2,9 m	2/3 marks																				
3.3.2	Substitute radius = 157,1 cm	3/4 marks																				

QUESTION 4		
4.1.4	Distance = speed $\times$ time = $120 \times 5,2$ = 624 km  624 km > 521,6 km  His statement is VALID. Accept: 100,3076923 km/h	5/5 marks