

SA's Leading Past Year

Exam Paper Portal



You have Downloaded, yet Another Great Resource to assist you with your Studies 😊

Thank You for Supporting SA Exam Papers

Your Leading Past Year Exam Paper Resource Portal

Visit us @ www.saexampapers.co.za





education

Department of
Education
FREE STATE PROVINCE

GRADE 12

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1/
WISKUNDIGE GELETTERDHEID V1**

JUNE 2024

**FINAL
MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE**

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

SYMBOL/KODE	EXPLANATION/VERDUIDELIKING
M	Method/Metode
MA	Method with accuracy/Metode met akkuraatheid
CA	Consistent accuracy/Volgehoue akkuraatheid
A	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
C	Conversion/Herleiding
S	Simplification/Vereenvoudiging
RT	Reading from a table/graph/map/diagram/Lees vanaf tabel/kaart/grafiek/diagram
SF	Correct substitution in a formula/Korrekte vervanging in formule
O	Opinion/Explanation/Reasoning /Opinie/Verduideliking/Redenasie
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc./Penalisering, bv. vir geen eenhede/verkeerde afronding, ens.
R	Rounding off/Afronding
NPR	No penalty for rounding/Geen penalisering vir afronding nie
AO	Answer only/Slegs antwoord
MCA	Method with constant accuracy/Metode met volgehoue akkuraatheid

**These marking guidelines consist of 9 pages.
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 9 bl**



NOTE:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error.
- Note: consistent accuracy (CA) does not apply in cases of a breakdown.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra item presented.
- As a general marking principle, if a candidate has incurred one mistake and there is evidence of sound mathematics thereafter, then that candidate should lose one mark only

LET WEL:

- As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, merk slegs die EERSTE poging.
- As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek (kanselleer) en nie oordoen nie, merk die doodgetrekte (gekanselleerde) poging.
- Volgehoue akkuraatheid (CA) word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas, dit hou op by die tweede berekeningsfout.
- Let wel: volgehoue akkuraatheid (CA) geld nie in die geval van 'n afbreuk nie.
- Wanneer 'n kandidaat aflesings vanaf 'n grafiek, tabel, uitlegplan en kaart geneem en ekstra antwoorde gee, penaliseer vir elke ekstra item.
- 'n Algemene merkbeginsel is dat indien 'n kandidaat een fout maak en daarna voortgaan met korrekte wiskunde, dat die kandidaat slegs een punt verloor.

QUESTION/VRAAG 1 [20 MARKS/PUNTE]		ANSWER ONLY FULL MARKS	
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T/L
1.1.1	Office Imaging Solutions ✓✓A	2A correct name (2)	F L1 E
1.1.2	Salary before benefits or allowance ✓✓O are added. <i>Salaris voor voordele bygevoeg word.</i> Do not accept: Salary before deductions, because it's a definition of Gross not Basic Salary.	2O correct explanation (2)	F L1 E
1.1.3	Unemployment Insurance Fund ✓✓O <i>Wekloosheidsversekeringsfonds</i>	2O correct explanation (2)	F L1 E
1.1.4	$A = R9\ 436 - R5\ 111 - R1\ 350 - R2\ 625$ $= R350$ ✓RT ✓MA OR $A = \frac{1}{100} \times R35\ 000$ $= R350$ ✓MA ✓RT ✓A	1RT correct values 1MA subtracting from the total 1A simplification 1RT R35 000 1MA calculating a percentage 1A simplification (3)	F L1 E
1.1.5	$B = R35\ 000 - R9\ 436$ $= R25\ 564$ ✓MCA ✓CA	1 MA subtracting values 1CA simplification (2)	F L1 E

[illegible]

QUESTION/VRAAG 2 [32 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T/L
2.1.1	$\checkmark\checkmark\text{O}$ It is a rate/charge/amount charged per kilolitre of water used. <i>*Tarief is 'n koers/heffing/bedrag wat per kiloliter water gehef word.</i>	2O correct explanation (2)	F L1 E
2.1.2	6 kℓ $\checkmark\checkmark\text{A}$	2A correct answer NPU (2)	F L1 M
2.1.3	First/eerste 6 kℓ $= 6 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}9,93 \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= \text{R}59,58 \checkmark\text{A}$ Next/Volgende 6 kℓ $= 6 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}23,05$ $= \text{R}138,30 \checkmark\text{CA}$ Next/volgende 8 kℓ $= 8 \text{ kℓ} \times \text{R}26,61$ $= \text{R}212,88 \checkmark\text{CA}$ Total excluding VAT/Tottal BTW uitgesluit $= \text{R}59,58 + \text{R}138,30 + \text{R}212,88$ $= \text{R}410,76 \checkmark\text{CA}$ Total including VAT /Totaal BTW ingesluit $= \text{R}410,76 \times \frac{115}{100} \checkmark\text{M}$ $= \text{R}472,37 \checkmark\text{CA}$ OR $\text{VAT/BTW} = \text{R}410,76 \times \frac{15}{100} \checkmark\text{M}$ $= \text{R}61,61$ Total including VAT $= \text{R}410,76 + \text{R}61,261$ <i>Totaal BTW ingesluit</i> $= \text{R}472,37 \checkmark\text{CA}$	1MA multiplying correct values 1A correct amount 1CA amount for next kℓ 1CA amount for last kℓ 1CA total excluding VAT 1M calculating VAT 1CA total excluding VAT 1M calculating VAT 1CA total including VAT (7)	F L3 D



Q/V	Solution/ <i>Oplossing</i>	Explanation/ <i>Verduideliking</i>	T/L
2.2.1	$\checkmark$ MA Difference = R23 999,95 – R19 999,95 <i>Verskil</i> = R4 000 $\checkmark$ A	1MA subtracting correct values 1A simplification (2)	F L1 E
2.2.2	$\checkmark$ A Percentage = $\frac{R2000}{R19\,999,95} \times 100$ <i>Persentasie</i> $\checkmark$ A = 10% $\checkmark$ CA	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification AO NPR (3)	F L2 M
2.2.3	Number of months = 3×12 <i>Aantal maande</i> = 36 $\checkmark$ A Total amount = $(R930 \times 36) + R2\,000$ <i>Totale bedrag</i> = R35 480 $\checkmark$ CA	1A for 36 1M multiply by instalment (R930) 1M adding deposit (R2 000) 1CA simplification (4)	F L3 M
2.2.4	$\checkmark$ MCA Saving = R35 480 – R19 999,95 <i>Spaar</i> = R15 480,05 $\checkmark$ MCA	CA from 2.2.3 1MCA subtracting values 1CA simplification AO (2)	F L2 E
2.2.5	Paying for the item while using it. $\checkmark\checkmark$ O <i>Betaal vir item terwyl jy dit gebruik.</i> OR/OF No need to have cash. $\checkmark\checkmark$ O <i>Nie nodig om kontant te hê nie.</i> OR/OF Instalments are affordable. $\checkmark\checkmark$ O <i>Paaieimente is beskostigbaar.</i> OR/OF Credit is insured. $\checkmark\checkmark$ O <i>Krediet is verseker.</i> (Any relevant answer) (Enige relevante antwoord)	2O correct advantage (2)	F L4 M



Q/V	Solution/ <i>Oplossing</i>	Explanation/ <i>Verduideliking</i>	T/L
2.3	Simple interest - Bank A/<i>Enkelvoudige rente – Bank A</i> Interest = $R20\,000 \times \frac{10}{100}$ ✓MA <i>Rente</i> = R2 000 ✓A Total interest = $R2\,000 \times 3$ <i>Totale rente</i> = R6 000 ✓CA Total amount = $R20\,000 + R6\,000$ <i>Totale Bedrag</i> = R26 000 ✓CA Compound interest – Bank B/<i>Saamgestelde rente</i> 1st year = $R20\,000 \times \frac{11,5}{100}$ ✓M <i>Iste jaar</i> = R2 300 = $R20\,000 + R2\,300$ = R22 300 ✓CA 2nd year = $R22\,300 \times \frac{11,5}{100}$ <i>2de jaar</i> = R2 564,50 = $R22\,300 + R2\,564,50$ = R24 864,50 ✓CA Bank B is cheaper. ✓O <i>Bank B is goedkoper</i> OR/OF Total amount = $R20\,000 \times \frac{111,5}{100} \times \frac{111,5}{100}$ ✓M <i>Totale bedrag</i> = R24 864,50 ✓CA Bank B is cheaper. ✓O <i>Bank B is goedkoper</i>	1MA calculating interest 1A interest amount 1CA total interest for 3 years 1CA total for Bank A 1M calculating interest 1CA amount for 1st year 1CA amount for 2nd year 1O conclusion 1M multiply by 111,5 1M multiply by 111,5 1CA answer 1O conclusion	F L4 D (8)



QUESTION/VRAAG 3 [17 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T/L
3.1	Sample ✓✓A <i>Steekproef</i>	2A sample (2)	D L1 E
3.2	12 12 10 10 10 9 8 8 8 7 7 7 6 6 6 5 4 4 3 3 ✓✓A	2A arrange in descending order (2)	D L1 E
3.3	Mean/ <i>Gemiddeld</i> $= \frac{2+2+3+3+4+5+6+\dots+12}{20} \quad \checkmark A$ $= \frac{145}{20} \quad \checkmark A$ $= 7,25 \quad \checkmark CA$	1A adding values 1A concept of mean 1CA mean (3)	D L2 M
3.4	$Q1 = \frac{5+6}{2} \quad \checkmark MA$ $= 5,5 \quad \checkmark CA$ $Q3 = \frac{9+10}{2}$ $= 9,5 \quad \checkmark CA$ $IQR = Q3 - Q1 \quad \checkmark A$ $= 9,5 - 5,5$ $= 4 \quad \checkmark CA$	CA from 3.2 1MA adding and dividing values 1CA value of Q1 1CA correct answer Q3 1A correct formula 1CA simplification (5)	D L3 D
3.5	Probability = $\frac{25}{40} \quad \checkmark A$ $= 0,625 \quad \checkmark CA$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification NPR (3)	P L2 E
3.6	Laziness/ House chores/ Loadshedding ✓✓O (any other relevant answer) <i>Luiheid/Huistakies/Beurtkrag</i> (enige ander relevante antwoord)	2O correct opinion (2)	D L4 E

QUESTION/VRAAG 4 [32 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T/L
4.1.1	South African Revenue ServiceS ✓✓A <i>Suid-Afrikaanse Inkomstediens</i>	2A SARS in full (2)	F L1 E
4.1.2	Tax threshold = R17 235 + R9 444 ✓M <i>Belastingdrempel</i> = R26 679 ✓CA $\frac{R26\,679}{0,18} \checkmark M$ $= R148\,216,666$ $= R148\,217$ $\frac{R26\,679}{0,18}$	1M adding correct rebates 1CA total rebates 1M divide with 18% (3)	F L3 D
4.1.3	Annual Medical tax credit/ <i>Jaarlikse mediese belastingskrediet</i> $= (R364 \times 2 \times 12) + (R246 \times 2 \times 12) \checkmark M$ $= R8\,736 + R5\,904$ $= R14\,640 \checkmark CA$ OR/OF Annual Medical tax credit/ <i>Jaarlikse mediese belastingskrediet</i> $= (R364 + R246) \checkmark RT$ $= R610 \times 2 \times 12 \checkmark M$ $= R14\,640 \checkmark CA$	1RT correct values (364 and 246) 1M multiply by 2 1M multiply by 12 1CA simplification 1RT correct values (364 and 246) 1M multiply by 2 1M multiply by 12 1CA simplification (4)	F L3 M

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T/L
4.1.4	Annual income = R40 165 × 12 <i>Jaarlikse inkomste</i> = R481 980 ✓A Annual pension = R481 980 × $\frac{7,5}{100}$ ✓MA <i>Jaarlikse pensioen</i> = R36 148,50 ✓CA Annual taxable income = Annual income – Annual pension <i>Jaarlikse belasbare inkomste = Jaarlikse inkomste – jaarlikse pensioen</i> = R481 980 – R36 148,50 = R445 831,50 ✓CA He is correct. ✓O <i>Hy is reg.</i> OR/OF Monthly pension = R40 165 × $\frac{7,5}{100}$ ✓MA <i>Maandelikse pensioen</i> = R3 012,38 Annual pension = R3 012,38 × 12 <i>Jaarlikse pensioen</i> = R36 148,50 ✓CA Annual income = R40 165 × 12 <i>Jaarlikse inkomste</i> = R481 980 ✓A Annual taxable income = Annual income – Annual pension <i>Jaarlikse belasbare inkomste = Jaarlikse inkomste – Jaarlikse pensioen</i> = R481 980 – R36 148,50 = R445 831,50 ✓CA He is correct. ✓O <i>Hy is reg.</i>	1A annual income 1MA multiply by 7,5% 1CA annual pension CA annual taxable income 1O conclusion 1MA multiply by 7,5% 1CA annual pension 1CA annual income CA annual taxable income 1O conclusion	F L3 M (5)

Q/V	Solution/ <i>Oplossing</i>	Explanation/ <i>Verduideliking</i>	T/L
4.1.5	Annual income tax / <i>Jaarlikse inkomste belasting</i> $\checkmark A$ $= R77\,362 + 31\% \text{ of income above } R370\,500$ $\checkmark SF$ $= R77\,362 + [0,31 \times (R445\,831,50 - R370\,500)]$ $= R77\,362 + (0,31 \times R75\,331,50)$ $= R77\,362 + R23\,352,77$ $= R100\,714,77 \checkmark CA$ $= R100\,714,77 - R17\,235 - R9\,444 \checkmark M$ $= R74\,035,77 - R14\,640 \checkmark M$ $= R59\,395,77 \checkmark CA$	CA from 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 1A correct tax bracket 1SF substitution 1CA simplification 1M subtract both rebates 1M subtract MTC 1CA income tax (6)	F L3 M
4.2.1	Discreet data $\checkmark \checkmark A$ <i>Diskrete data</i>	2A correct type of data (2)	D L1 E
4.2.2	Gold $\checkmark \checkmark A$ <i>Goud</i> <i>OR</i> 288 000 0000 OR 288 million	2A correct type (2)	D L1 E
4.2.3	$\checkmark MA$ Median/ <i>Mediaan</i> = 7,2 16,4 17,5 70,5 101,3 258,9 262,9 $= 70,5 \text{ million tons/miljoen ton } \checkmark CA$	1MA arranging values 1CA median AO NPU (2)	D L2 M
4.2.4	$\checkmark A$ $P = \frac{2}{7} \times 100$ $\checkmark A$ $= 28,571\% \checkmark CA$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1CA simplification AO NPR (3)	P L2 M
4.2.5	R2,1 billion/ <i>miljard</i> $\checkmark \checkmark A$	2A correct mode (2)	D L1 E

