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AMENDMENT TO MARKING GUIDELINES

PREPARATORY EXAMINATION /
VOORBEREIDENDE EKSAMEN 2023

FOR ATTENTION / VIR AANDAG: THE CHIEF INVIGILATOR / DIE HOOF TOESIGHOUER

SUBJECT / VAK	MATHEMATICS / WISKUNDE
SUBJECT CODE / VAKKODE	10611
PAPER / VRAESTEL	1
DATE OF EXAMINATION / DATUM VAN EKSAMEN	8 SEPTEMBER 2023

The **MATHEMATICS / WISKUNDE** (Paper / *Vraestel* 1) written on **8 September 2023** has reference.

It has come to our attention that there was an anomaly in the question paper which rendered

Question / Vraag 9.2 ambiguous.

To ensure that your candidates are not disadvantaged and prejudiced in way, you are advised to please ask Educators to ignore **Question / Vraag 9.2** when **marking**.

In other words, the paper must be marked out of a total of 145 instead of 150 and then the learners' marks must be converted back to a mark out of 150. E.g. Should a learner have attained 65/145, then that mark is recalculated as 67/150.

Use the formula: $\frac{a}{145} \times 100 = b$. Then, $\frac{b}{100} \times 150 = c$

***C** is the mark that is entered into SASAMS out of 150.*

Mr. Jonathan Williams

DIRECTOR: EXAMINATIONS MANAGEMENT

9 September 2023





VOORBEREIDENDE EKSAMEN

2023

NASIENRIGLYNE

WISKUNDE (VRAESTEL 1) (10611)

21 bladsye

INSTRUKSIES EN INLIGTING:

A – Akkuraatheid

CA – Kontinue Akkuraatheid

S – Bewering

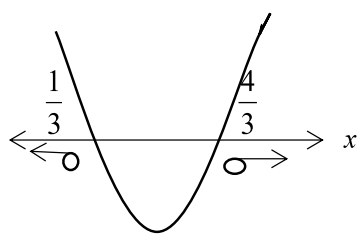
R – Rede

S en R – Bewering en Rede

NOTA:

- Indien 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord het, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.
- Indien 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord doodgetrek het, en dit nie weer gedoen het nie, sien die doodgetrekte antwoord na.
- Deurlopende akkuraatheid moet op ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyn toegepas word.
- Dit is ONAANVAARBAAR om waardes/antwoorde aan te neem om probleme op te los.

VRAAG 1

1.1	1.1.1	$(2x+1)^2 - 4 = 0$ $4x^2 + 4x + 1 - 4 = 0$ $4x^2 + 4x - 3 = 0$ $(2x+3)(2x-1) = 0$ $x = -\frac{3}{2} \text{ or } x = \frac{1}{2}$ OF $(2x+1)^2 - 4 = 0$ $2x+1 = \pm\sqrt{4}$ $2x+1 = \pm 2$ $2x = \pm 2 - 1$ $2x = 2 - 1 \text{ or } 2x = -2 - 1$ $2x = 1 \text{ or } 2x = -3$ $x = \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } x = -\frac{3}{2}$ NOTA: In opsie 2, moet die punt vir vereenvoudiging slegs toegeken word indien die kandidaat ± 2 noem of indien dit later in die oplossing so demonstreer word.	✓ standaardvorm ✓ faktore ✓ antwoorde ✓ kry vierkantswortel ✓ vereenvoudiging ✓ antwoorde	(3)
	1.1.2	$4x^2 - 11 = -12x$ $4x^2 + 12x - 11 = 0$ $x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{(12)^2 - 4(4)(-11)}}{2(4)}$ $x = -3,74 \text{ of } x = 0,74$ NOTA: Penaliseer 1 punt vir afronding, slegs in hierdie vraag. Kandidaat moet die substitusie wys om volpunte te behaal.	✓ korrekte substitusie ✓✓ antwoorde	(3)
	1.1.3	$15x - 4 < 9x^2$ $\therefore -9x^2 + 15x - 4 < 0$ $\therefore 9x^2 - 15x + 4 > 0$ $(3x-1)(3x-4) > 0$ $\therefore x < \frac{1}{3} \text{ or } x > \frac{4}{3}$  NOTA: Penaliseer met 1 punt, indien EN in plaas van OF gebruik is.	✓ standaardvorm ✓ faktore ✓✓ antwoorde	(4)

1.1.4	$\sqrt{2x-2} - \sqrt{7-2x} = 1$ $(\sqrt{2x-2})^2 = (\sqrt{7-2x} + 1)^2$ $2x-2 = 7-2x+2\sqrt{7-2x}+1$ $4x-10 = 2\sqrt{7-2x}$ $(2x-5)^2 = (\sqrt{7-2x})^2$ $4x^2 - 20x + 25 = 7 - 2x$ $4x^2 - 18x + 18 = 0$ $\therefore 2x^2 - 9x + 9 = 0$ $(x-3)(2x-3) = 0$ $\therefore x = 3 \text{ or } x = \frac{3}{2}$ verwerp: $x \neq \frac{3}{2}$	✓ isoleer wortel en kwadreer beide kante ✓ vereenvoudiging ✓ standaardvorm ✓ faktore ✓ $x = 3$ en verwerping	(5)
1.2	$a^2b^2 - 2ab - 8 = 0$ en $\log_2(a+5) = 3$ $\log_2(a+5) = 3$ $2^3 = a+5$ $8 = a+5$ $a = 3$ $\therefore a^2b^2 - 2ab - 8 = 0$ $(3)^2b^2 - 2(3)b - 8 = 0$ $9b^2 - 6b - 8 = 0$ $(3b-4)(3b+2) = 0$ $b = \frac{4}{3}$ of $b = -\frac{2}{3}$ OF $a^2b^2 - 2ab - 8 = 0$ en $\log_2(a+5) = 3$ $\log_2(a+5) = 3$ $2^3 = a+5$ $8 = a+5$ $a = 3$ $a^2b^2 - 2ab - 8 = 0$ $(ab-4)(ab+2) = 0$ $ab = 4$ of $ab = -2$ $\therefore 3b = 4$ $3b = -2$ $b = \frac{4}{3}$ of $b = -\frac{2}{3}$	✓ eksponensiële vorm ✓ waarde van a ✓ substitusie ✓ faktore ✓ albei antwoorde van b OF ✓ eksponensiële vorm ✓ waarde van a ✓ faktore ✓ substitusie ✓ albei antwoorde van b	(5)

1.3	$p = \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{\sqrt{16-x^2}}$ $\therefore x+2 \geq 0$ $\therefore x \geq -2 \dots \dots \dots (1)$ $\therefore 16-x^2 > 0$ $(4+x)(4-x) > 0$ $\therefore -4 < x < 4 \dots \dots \dots (2)$ Uit (1) en (2) $-2 \leq x < 4$	✓ ongelykheid (1) ✓ faktore ✓ ongelykheid (2) ✓ antwoord	(4)
[24]			

VRAAG 2

2.1	2.1.1	$1-p; 2p-3; p+5$ $d = T_2 - T_1 = T_3 - T_2$ $\therefore (2p-3) - (1-p) = (p+5) - (2p-3)$ $2p-3-1+p = p+5-2p+3$ $3p-4 = -p+8$ $4p = 12$ $\therefore p = 3$	✓ substitusie ✓ antwoord	(2)
	2.1.2	(a) $T_1 = 1-p$ $T_1 = 1-3$ $T_1 = -2$	✓ antwoord	(1)
		(b) $T_2 = 2p-3$ $T_2 = 2(3)-3$ $\therefore T_2 = 3$ $\therefore d = T_2 - T_1$ $d = 3 - (-2)$ $d = 5$	✓ antwoord	(1)
	2.1.3	$1-p; 2p-3; p+5; \dots$ $= 1-3; 2(3)-3; 3+5; \dots$ $= -2; 3; 8; 13; 18; \dots$ Al die terme behalwe T_1 eindig op 3 of 8 terwyl volkome vierkante eindig op 1; 4; 9; 6; 5; 0. OF	✓ korrekte terme ✓ verduideliking	

10611/23

		T_1 is nie 'n volkome vierkant nie. OF $Tn = 5n - 7$ $\therefore$ nie volkome vierkant nie	✓✓ verduideliking ✓✓ $Tn = 5n - 7$	(2)
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8

[illegible]

VRAAG 3

3.1	$S_n = 4n^2 + 1$ $S_6 = 4(6)^2 + 1$ $\therefore S_6 = 145$ $S_5 = 4(5)^2 + 1$ $\therefore S_5 = 101$ $\therefore T_6 = S_6 - S_5$ $\therefore T_6 = 145 - 101$ $\therefore T_6 = 44$	✓ waarde van S_6 ✓ waarde van S_5 ✓ antwoord	(3)
3.2	$(4x-3) + (4x-3)^2 + (4x-3)^3$ $\therefore r = 4x-3$ $\therefore -1 < r < 1; \quad r \neq 0$ $-1 < 4x-3 < 1; \quad 4x-3 \neq 0$ $\therefore 2 < 4x < 4 \quad x \neq \frac{3}{4}$ $\therefore \frac{1}{2} < x < 1; \quad x \neq \frac{3}{4}$ NOTA: Geen penalisasie indien kandidaat nie stel dat $x \neq \frac{3}{4}$ is nie.	✓ $r = 4x-3$ ✓ $-1 < r < 1$ ✓ antwoord	(3)
3.3	$\sum_{k=3}^5 (-1)^k \cdot \frac{2}{k}$ $= (-1)^3 \cdot \frac{2}{3} + (-1)^4 \cdot \frac{2}{4} + (-1)^5 \cdot \frac{2}{5}$ $= -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5}$ $= -\frac{17}{30}$ NOTA: Antwoord alleen, volpunte.	✓ uitbreiding ✓ antwoord	(2)
[8]			

VRAAG 4

4.1	$x \neq -3$		✓ antwoord	(1)
4.2	$y \neq 2$		✓ antwoord	(1)
4.3	4.3.1	6 eenhede NOTA: Aanvaar 6 eenhede regs, maar nie 6 eenhede links nie.	✓ antwoord	(1)
	4.3.2	3,5 eenhede NOTA: Aanvaar 3,5 eenhede na bo, maar nie 3,5 eenhede afwaarts nie.	✓ antwoord	(1)
4.4	$x = -3$ $y = -\frac{3}{2}$ NOTA: Vergelykings in terme van p en q word nie aanvaar nie		✓ antwoord ✓ antwoord	(2)
4.5	$0 = \frac{6}{x+3} - 1,5$ $\frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{x+3}$ $3(x+3) = 6(2)$ $3x+9 = 12$ $3x = 3$ $x = 1$ $(1;0)$ NOTA: Die antwoord hoef NIE in koördinaatvorm te wees NIE.		✓ antwoord	(1)

4.6	Graph of a rational function with a vertical asymptote at $x = -3$ and a horizontal asymptote at $y = \frac{3}{2}$. The curve passes through the point $(1, \frac{1}{2})$.	✓ asimptote ✓ afsnitte ✓ vorm	(3)
4.7	$y = -x + k$ $\therefore -\frac{3}{2} = -(-3) + k$ $-\frac{3}{2} = 3 + k$ $\therefore k = -\frac{9}{2}$ NOTA: Antwoord alleen, volpunte.	✓ vervang die punt ✓ antwoord	(2)
4.8	$x > -3$	✓ antwoord	(1)
4.9	$y = \frac{-6}{x+3} + \frac{3}{2}$ OF $y = \frac{6}{-x-3} + \frac{3}{2}$ OF $y = -\frac{6}{x+3} + \frac{3}{2}$	✓ antwoord	(1)
[14]			

VRAAG 5

5.1	$E\left(\frac{7}{2}; \frac{81}{4}\right)$	✓ antwoord	(1)
5.2	$f(x) = -\left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{81}{4}$ $f(1) = -\left(1 - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{81}{4} = 14$ $f(5) = -\left(5 - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{81}{4} = 18$ $\therefore AG = \frac{f(5) - f(1)}{5 - 1}$ $= \frac{18 - 14}{4}$ $\therefore AG = 1$	✓ waarde van $f(1)$ ✓ waarde van $f(5)$ ✓ substitusie ✓ antwoord	(4)
5.3	$f(x) = -\left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{81}{4}$ $\therefore f(x) = -x^2 + 7x + 8$ $\because f(x) = g(x)$ $\therefore -x^2 + 7x + 8 = -3x + 24$ $-x^2 + 10x - 16 = 0$ $\therefore x^2 - 10x + 16 = 0$ $(x - 2)(x - 8) = 0$ $\therefore x = 2 \text{ or } x = 8$ $\therefore x_D = 2$	✓ gelykstelling ✓ x-waardes ✓ antwoorde/keuse	(3)
5.4	$ST = f(x) - g(x)$ $ST = -x^2 + 7x + 8 - (-3x + 24)$ $ST = -x^2 + 7x + 8 + 3x - 24$ $ST = -x^2 + 10x - 16$	✓ metode ✓ antwoord	(2)
5.5	Vir maks: $\frac{d(ST)}{dx} = 0$ $\frac{d(ST)}{dx} = -2x + 10 = 0$ $2x = 10$ $\therefore x = 5$ maks: $ST = -(5)^2 + 10(5) - 16$ $\therefore ST = 9$	✓ afgeleide = 0 ✓ waarde van x ✓ antwoord	(3)

6.1	$y = 3^x$ Omgekeerde $x = 3^y$ $\therefore y = \log_3 x$	✓ antwoord	(1)
6.2	$y = f^{-1}(x) = \log_3 x$ x-afsnit: $\log_3 x = 0$ $\therefore x = 3^0$ $\therefore x = 1$ y-afsnit: Geen $y = f^{-1}(x-2) = \log_3(x-2)$ x-afsnit: $\log_3(x-2) = 0$ $\therefore x-2 = 3^0$ $\therefore x = 3$ y-afsnit: Geen NOTA: Indien die kandidaat nie die grafiek geskets het nie maar wel beide x-afsnitte bereken het, ken 2 punte toe.	✓ x-afsnit van $f^{-1}(x) = \log_3 x$ ✓ vorm $f^{-1}(x) = \log_3 x$ ✓ x-afsnit van $f^{-1}(x-2) = \log_3(x-2)$ ✓ vorm $f^{-1}(x-2) = \log_3(x-2)$	(4)
6.3	$\log_3(x-2) < 1$ $\therefore 2 < x < 5$	✓ kritieke waardes ✓ korrekte notasie	(2)

VRAAG 7

7.1	$A = P(1+i)^n$ $6\,000\,000 = 5\,700\,000(1+i)^7$ $\frac{6\,000\,000}{5\,700\,000} = (1+i)^7$ $\sqrt[7]{1,0526...} = 1+i$ $\therefore i = 1,00735 - 1$ $\therefore i = 0,00735$ koers: 0,74%	✓ substitusie in die korrekte formule ✓ waarde van i ✓ antwoord	(3)
7.2	7.2.1 $P_v = \frac{x[1-(1+i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $4\,000\,000 = \frac{30\,000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,06}{12}}$ $\frac{4\,000\,000 \times \left(\frac{0,06}{12} \right)}{30\,000} = 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\frac{1}{3} = \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\log_{\left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)} \frac{1}{3} = -n$ $n = 220,27$ $\therefore$ sy kan 220 onttrekkings maak.	✓ substitusie in die korrekte formule ✓ $i = \frac{0,06}{12}$ ✓ vereenvoudiging ✓ korrekte gebruik van logs ✓ antwoord van 220	(5)

7.2.2	$4\,000\,000 = \frac{20\,000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,06}{12}}$ $0 = \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^{-n}$ Sy kan enige aantal (oneindige aantal) onttrekkings maak. Die rente wat sy verdien is gelyk aan die onttrekking wat sy maak. Sy onttrek slegs die rente bedrag. OF $A = P(1+i)^n$ $A = 4\,000\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,06}{12} \right)^1$ $A = R4\,020\,000$ Sy kan enige aantal (oneindige aantal) onttrekkings maak. Die rente wat sy verdien is gelyk aan die onttrekking wat sy maak. Sy onttrek slegs die rente bedrag.	✓ geldige metode ✓ vereenvoudiging ✓ verduideliking OF ✓ geldige metode ✓ antwoord ✓ verduideliking	(3)
7.3	$A = P(1+i)^n$ $A = 1\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12} \right)^{18}$ $A = R1\,250,58$ $F_v = \frac{x[(1+i)^n - 1]}{i}$ $F_v = \frac{700 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,15}{12} \right)^{18} - 1 \right]}{\frac{0,15}{12}}$ $F_v = R14\,032,33$ $\text{Bedrag} = R1\,250,58 + R14\,032,33$ $\therefore \text{Bedrag} = R15\,282,91$	✓ waarde van A ✓ substitusie in die korrekte formule ✓ waarde van F_v ✓ antwoord	(4)
[15]			

VRAAG 8

8.1	$f(x) = 3x^2 - 6$ $f(x+h) = 3(x+h)^2 - 6$ $f(x+h) = 3(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) - 6$ $f(x+h) = 3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - 6$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - 6 - 3x^2 + 6}{h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6xh + 3h^2}{h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(6x + 3h)}{h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (6x + 3h)$ $f'(x) = 6x$ NOTA: Penaliseer met 1 punt vir notasie fout, slegs by hierdie vraag. Antwoord alleen, 0 punte	✓ $f(x+h)$ ✓ substitusie ✓ faktorisering ✓ antwoord	(4)
8.2	$f(x) = (2\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{x})^2$ $f(x) = 4x - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{x^2}$ $f(x) = 4x - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-2}$ $f'(x) = 4 + 2x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - 2x^{-3}$ OF $f'(x) = 4 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3}} - \frac{2}{x^3}$	✓ vereenvoudiging ✓ $f(x) = 4x - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-2}$ ✓ 4 ✓ $2x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ of $\frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3}}$ ✓ $-2x^{-3}$ of $\frac{2}{x^3}$	(5)
8.3	$f(x) = 3x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 2$ $f'(x) = 9x^2 - 6x + 6$ $f''(x) = 18x - 6$ vir konkkaaf op $18x - 6 > 0$ $\therefore x > \frac{1}{3}$ $\therefore x \in \left(\frac{1}{3}; \infty\right)$	✓ $f'(x)$ ✓ $f''(x)$ ✓ korrekte voorwaarde vir konkawiteit ✓ antwoord	(4)

VRAAG 9

9.1	9.1.1	$f'(x) = -6x^2 - 6x + 12$ y-afsnit $x = 0$ $\therefore f'(0) = 12$ $\therefore A(0 ; 12)$ NOTA: Hoef nie in koördinaatvorm te wees nie.	✓ antwoord	(1)
	9.1.2	x-afsnitte $y = f'(x) = 0$ $-6x^2 - 6x + 12 = 0$ $\therefore x^2 + x - 2 = 0$ $(x + 2)(x - 1) = 0$ $\therefore x = -2 \text{ or } x = 1$ $\therefore B(-2 ; 0) \quad ; \quad C(1 ; 0)$ NOTA: Moet in koördinaatvorm wees.	✓ $f'(x)$ ✓ faktore ✓ altwee koördinate	(3)
	9.1.3	Draaipunte	✓ antwoord	(1)
	9.1.4	$f(x)$ styg waar: $m = f'(x) > 0$ $\therefore -2 < x < 1$ OF $m = f'(x) > 0$ $\therefore x \in (-2 ; 1)$	✓ $m = f'(x) > 0$ ✓✓ antwoorde OF ✓ $m = f'(x) > 0$ ✓✓ antwoorde	(3)
	9.1.5	Buigpunt: $f''(x) = 0$ $\therefore -12x - 6 = 0$ $-12x = 6$ $\therefore x = -\frac{1}{2}$ $f(x) = -2x^3 - 3x^2 + 12x + 20$ $\therefore f(-\frac{1}{2}) = -2(-\frac{1}{2})^3 - 3(-\frac{1}{2})^2 + 12(-\frac{1}{2}) + 20$ $\therefore f(-\frac{1}{2}) = 13,5$	✓ $f''(x) = 0$ ✓ waarde van x ✓ substitusie ✓ waarde van $f(-\frac{1}{2})$	(4)
9.2	Hierdei vraag is onttrek.			
[12]				

VRAAG 10

10.	$W(x) = -\frac{x^3}{150} + 3x^2 - 250x - 2700$ $\therefore$ maks : $W'(x) = -\frac{3x^2}{150} + 6x - 250 = 0$ $-x^2 + 300x - 12500 = 0$ $\therefore x^2 - 300x + 12500 = 0$ $(x - 250)(x - 50) = 0$ $\therefore x = 250 \cdots of \cdots x = 50$ $W''(x) = -\frac{6x}{150} + 6$ $W''(x) = -\frac{x}{25} + 6$ $\therefore W''(50) = -\frac{50}{25} + 6 > 0$ $\therefore W''(250) = -\frac{250}{25} + 6 < 0$ $\therefore$ Maksimum wins: 250 fietse weekliks. OF	✓ $W'(x)$ ✓ standaardvorm ✓ faktore ✓ waardes van x ✓ $W''(x)$ ✓ $W''(50) > 0$ ✓ $W''(250) < 0$ ✓ gevolgtrekking	
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$W(x) = -\frac{x^3}{150} + 3x^2 - 250x - 2700$ ∴ max : $W'(x) = -\frac{3x^2}{150} + 6x - 250 = 0$ $-x^2 + 300x - 12500 = 0$ $∴ x^2 - 300x + 12500 = 0$ $(x - 250)(x - 50) = 0$ $∴ x = 250 \text{ or } x = 50$ $W(250) = -\frac{250^3}{150} + 3(250)^2 - 250(250) - 2700$ $W(250) = R18133,33$ or $W(50) = -\frac{50^3}{150} + 3(50)^2 - 250(50) - 2700$ $W(50) = -R8533,33$ ∴ Maksimum wins : 250 fietse weekliks. OF $W(x) = -\frac{x^3}{150} + 3x^2 - 250x - 2700$ ∴ max : $W'(x) = -\frac{3x^2}{150} + 6x - 250 = 0$ $-x^2 + 300x - 12500 = 0$ $∴ x^2 - 300x + 12500 = 0$ $(x - 250)(x - 50) = 0$ $∴ x = 250 \text{ or } x = 50$  ∴ Maksimum wins: 250 fietse weekliks.	✓ $W'(x)$ ✓ $= 0$ ✓ faktore ✓ waardes van x ✓ substitusie ✓ $W(250)$ ✓ $W(50)$ ✓ gevolgtrekking	
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VRAAG 11

NOTA: Kandidate kan oplossings gee in desimale of breukvorm. Moenie penaliseer vir afronding nie.

11.1	11.1.1	Vir onafhanklike gebeurtenisse: $P(A) \times P(B) = P(A \text{ en } B)$ $\therefore (x + 0,1) \times (0,4) = (0,1)$ $\therefore (x + 0,1) = 0,25$ $\therefore x = 0,15$ $x + 0,1 + 0,3 + y = 1$ $0,15 + 0,1 + 0,3 + y = 1$ $\therefore y = 0,45$	✓ korrekte substitusie ✓ waarde van x ✓ metode ✓ waarde van y	(4)
	11.1.2	$0,15 + 0,3$ $= 0,45$ NOTA: Slegs antwoord, volpunte.	✓ antwoord	(1)
11.2	F (onsuksesvol)/P (slaag)			
	11.2.1	$\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{12}{35}$ NOTA: Slegs antwoord, volpunte.	✓ metode ✓ antwoord	(2)
	11.2.2	$\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{24}{175}$ NOTA: Slegs antwoord, volpunte.	✓ metode ✓ antwoord	(2)
[9]				

VRAAG 12

12.1	12.1.1	1 NOTA: Aanvaar 2.	✓ antwoord	(1)
	12.1.2	$7!-(2!\times6!) = 3\,600$ NOTA: Aanvaar antwoord as 3 600 of $7!-(2!\times6!)$ Geen CA as metode nie sinvol is nie.	✓ 7! ✓ $-(2!\times6!)$ ✓ antwoord	(3)
12.2	P(wen) $= 0,7\times0,9 + 0,3\times0,45$ $= 0,765$ $= 76,5\%$ NOTA: Geen CA as metode nie sinvol is nie.		metode antwoord	(2)
				[6]
				TOTAAL: 145