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# **basic education**

**Department:  
Basic Education  
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS *SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN/ NASIONALE SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN***

**TECHNICAL SCIENCES P2  
TEGNIESE WETENSKAPPE V2**

**2023**

**MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 75**

**These marking guidelines consist of 7 pages. /  
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 7 bladsye.**

**QUESTION / VRAAG 1**

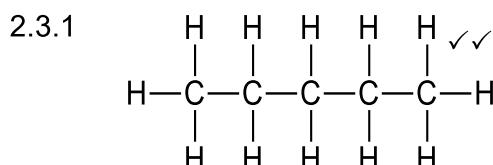
- 1.1 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.2 C ✓✓ (2)  
 1.3 D ✓✓ (2)  
 1.4 B ✓✓ (2)  
 1.5 D ✓✓ (2)
- [10]**

**QUESTION / VRAAG 2**

- 2.1 Molecules containing carbon atoms. ✓✓  
*Molekule wat koolstofatome bevat.* (2)

- 2.2.1 Alkene ✓ / *Alkeen* (1)

- 2.2.2 Alkyne ✓ / *Alkyn* (1)

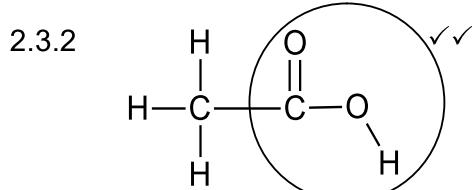
**Marking Criteria:**

- Whole structure correct.
- If a bond or hydrogen is missing ½

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Volledige struktuur korrek
- Indien 'n binding van waterstof ontbreek ½

(2)

**Marking Criteria:**

- Correct functional group.
- Whole structure correct.
- If a bond or hydrogen is missing ½

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Korrekte funksionele groep
- Volledige struktuur korrek
- Indien 'n binding van waterstof ontbreek ½

(2)

- 2.4 2,3-dimethyl ✓ butane ✓  
*2,3-dimetielbutaan*

**Marking Criteria:**

- Correct root name: butane
- Correct branches/alkyl group and position: 2,3-dimethyl
- If hyphen, comma, hydrogen or a bond is missing ½

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Korrekte stamkettingsnaam: butaan
- Korrekte vertakking/alkielgroep en posisie: 2,3-dimetiel
- Indien koppelteken, komma, waterstof of binding ontbreek ½

(2)

- 2.5.1 Formyl group ✓ / *Formielgroep* (1)

- 2.5.2 C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O ✓ (1)

**[12]**

**QUESTION / VRAAG 3**

- 3.1 The pressure exerted by a vapour at equilibrium with its liquid ✓ in a closed system. ✓

*Die druk wat deur 'n damp toegepas word by ewewig met sy vloeistof in 'n geslote sisteem.*

(2)

- 3.2  (Compound) A ✓ / (Verbinding) A

(1)

3.3

- Compound A has a larger surface area / longer chain length / less branches than compound B. ✓
- Compound A has stronger London forces / intermolecular forces than those of compound B. ✓
- More energy is needed to overcome the stronger London forces / intermolecular forces in compound A than in compound B ✓
- Verbinding A het 'n groter oppervlaksarea / langer kettinglengtes / minder vertakkings as verbinding B.
- Verbinding A het sterker London-kragte / intermolekulêre kragte as verbinding B.
- Meer energie word benodig om die sterker London-kragte / intermolekulêre kragte in verbinding A te oorkom as in verbinding B.

**OR / OF**

- Compound B has a smaller surface area /shorter chain length / more branches than compound A.
- Compound B has weaker London forces /intermolecular forces than those of compound A.
- Less energy is needed to overcome the weaker London forces / intermolecular forces in compound B than in compound A.
- Verbinding B het 'n kleiner oppervlaksarea / korter kettinglengtes / meer vertakkings as verbinding A.
- Verbinding B het swakker London-kragte / intermolekulêre kragte as verbinding A.
- Minder energie word benodig om die swakker London-kragte / intermolekulêre kragte in verbinding B te oorkom as in verbinding A.

(3)

- 3.4  Chain isomer ✓ / Kettingisomeer

(1)

- 3.5 The (organic) compounds have the same molecular formula ✓ but different types of chains. ✓

*Die (organiese) verbindings het dieselfde molekulêre formule, maar verskillende tipes kettings.*

(2)

[9]

**QUESTION / VRAAG 4**

4.1.1 Hydrohalogenation ✓ / Hydrobromination

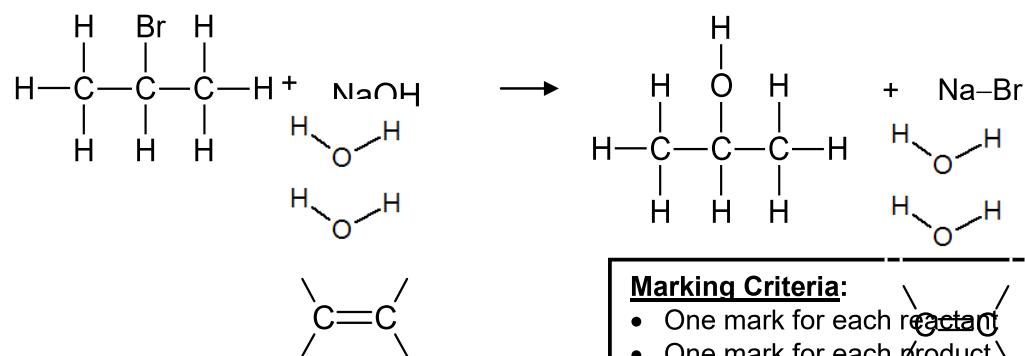
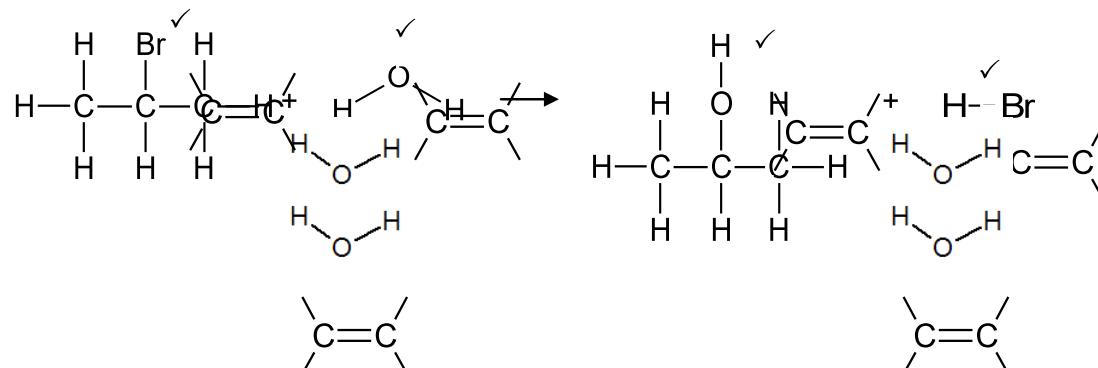
*Hidrohalogenering / Hidrohalogenasie / Hidrobromogenering /  
Hidrobromogenasie*

(1)

4.1.2 Hydrogenation ✓ / *Hidrogenering / Hidrogenasie*

(1)

4.2

**Marking Criteria:**

- One mark for each reactant
- One mark for each product

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Een punt vir elke reaktant
- Een punt vir elke produk

(4)

4.3 No water ✓

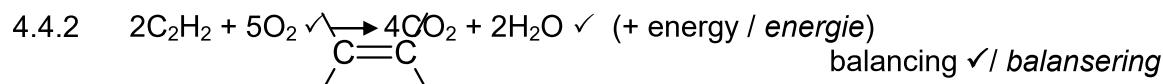
Unreactive solvent ✓

*Geen water**Onreaktiewe oplosser*

(2)

4.4.1 Combustion ✓ / Oxidation / *Verbranding / Oksidasie*

(1)

**Marking Criteria:**

- One mark for reactants
- One mark for product
- One mark for balancing

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Een punt vir reaktante
- Een punt vir produk
- Een punt vir balansering

(3)

4.5.1 A chemical reaction in which monomer molecules join to form a polymer.✓✓

'n Chemiese reaksie waarin monomeermoleküle verbind om 'n polimeer te vorm.

(2)

4.5.2 A molecule consisting of a large number of atoms. ✓✓

'n Molekuul wat uit 'n groot aantal atome bestaan.

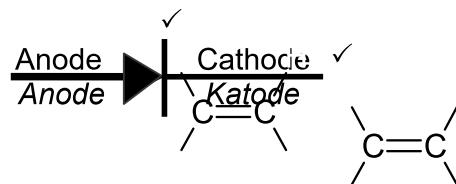
(2)

4.6.1 The process of adding impurities to intrinsic semiconductors. ✓✓

Die proses waardeur onsuiwerhede by intrinsieke halfgeleiers gevoeg word.

(2)

4.6.2

**Marking Criteria:**

- One mark for symbol
- One mark for correct labels

**Nasienkriteria:**

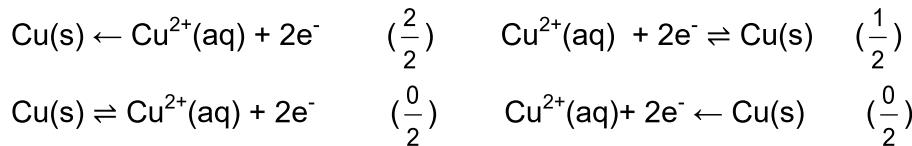
- Een punt vir simbool
- Een punt vir korrekte byskrifte

(2)

[20]

**QUESTION / VRAAG 5**

5.1 Electrolytic cell ✓ / Elektrolitiese sel (1)

5.2 Cell ✓  
Carbon rods ✓  
(One / 1) beaker (Any two)Sel  
Koolstofstawe  
(Een / 1) beker (Enige twee) (2)5.3.1 Electrode connected to the positive terminal. ✓  
Elektrode gekoppel aan die positiewe terminaal. (1)5.3.2  $\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{s})$  ✓✓**Marking criteria / Nasienkriteria:**

NOTE: Do not penalise if the phases are not included.

LET WEL: Moenie penaliseer as die fases weggelaat word nie.

(2)

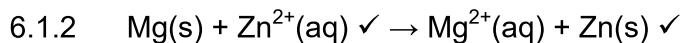
5.3.3 Chlorine gas ✓ /  $\text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$  / Chloorgas /  $\text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$  (1)5.4 Hydropower ✓  
Biodiesel ✓  
Fuel cell ✓  
Photovoltaic cell / Solar energy  
Wind energy  
Natural gas (Any three)Hidrokrug  
Biodiesel  
Brandstofsel  
Fotovoltaiese sel / Sonkrag (Sonenergie)  
Wind energie  
Natuurlike gas (Enige drie)

(3)

[10]

**QUESTION / VRAAG 6**

6.1.1 Chemical (energy) to electrical (energy). ✓✓  
*Chemiese (energie) na elektriese (energie).* (2)

**Marking Criteria:**

- One mark for reactants
- One mark for products

NOTE: Do not penalise when phases are omitted. Penalise if charges are omitted.

**Nasienkriteria:**

- Een punt vir reaktante
- Een punt vir produkte

*LET WEL: Moenie penaliseer wanneer fases weggelaat is nie.*

*Penaliseer wanneer ladings weggelaat word.*

(2)

6.1.3 From Zn to Mg ✓ / *Vanaf Zn na Mg* (1)

6.1.4 Spontaneous ✓ / *Spontaan* (1)

6.1.5  $E^\theta_{\text{cell/sel}} = E^\theta_{\text{cathode/katode}} - E^\theta_{\text{anode/anode}}$  ✓

$$E^\theta_{\text{cell/sel}} = -0,76 \checkmark - (-2,36) \checkmark$$

$$E^\theta_{\text{cell/sel}} = 1,60 \text{ V} \checkmark$$

**NOTE:**

- Accept any other correct formula from the data sheet.
- If unconventional abbreviations are used in the formula, followed by correct substitution, then award maximum 3 marks.

***LET WEL:***

- *Aanvaar enige ander korrekte formule vanuit die gegewensblad.*
- *Indien nie-konvensionele afkortings gebruik word in die formule, gevvolg deur korrekte substitusies, dan word maksimum 3 punte toegeken.*

(4)

6.2.1 Salt bridge ✓ / *Soutbrug* (1)

6.2.2 No ✓ / *Nee* (1)

6.2.3 The circuit/cell is incomplete. ✓✓  
*Die stroombaan/sel is onvoltooid.* (2)

[14]

**TOTAL / TOTAAL:** 75