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DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  
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**PROVINCIAL PREPARATORY EXAMINATION/  
 PROVINSIALE VOORBEREIDINGSEKSAMEN**

**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2/  
 WISKUNDIGE GELETTERDHEID V2**

**SEPTEMBER 2023**

**MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

Symbol/Kode	Explanation/Verduideliking
<b>M</b>	Method/Metode
<b>MA</b>	Method with accuracy/Metode met akkuraatheid
<b>CA</b>	Consistent accuracy/Volgehoue akkuraatheid
<b>A</b>	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
<b>C</b>	Conversion/Herleiding
<b>S</b>	Simplification/Vereenvoudiging
<b>RT</b>	Reading from a table/graph/document/diagram/Lees vanaf tabel/grafiek/document/diagram
<b>SF</b>	Correct substitution in a formula/Korrekte vervanging in 'n formule
<b>O</b>	Opinion/Explanation/Opinie/Verduideliking
<b>P</b>	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc./Penalisasie, bv. vir geen eenhede, verkeerde afronding, ens.
<b>R</b>	Rounding off/Afronding
<b>NPR</b>	No penalty for rounding/Geen penalisasie vir afronding nie
<b>AO</b>	Answer only/Slegs antwoord
<b>MCA</b>	Method with constant accuracy/Metode met volgehoue akkuraatheid

**This marking guideline consists of 9 pages.  
 Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 9 bladsye.**

**NOTE:**

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then ÷ ÷ penalise for every extra incorrect item presented.

**LET WEL:**

- As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, merk slegs die EERSTE poging.
- As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek (kanselleer) en nie oordoen nie, merk die doodgetrekte (gekanselleerde) poging.
- Volgehoue akkuraatheid (CA) word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas, dit hou op by die tweede berekeningsfout.
- Wanneer 'n kandidaat aflesings vanaf 'n grafiek, tabel, uitlegplan en kaart geneem en ekstra antwoorde gee, penaliseer vir elke ekstra verkeerde item.

<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 1 [30 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
1.1.1	Amount/Hoeveelheid = 18 rolls/ rolle ✓✓A	2A amount of rolls (2)	M L1
1.1.2	Lenght/Lengte = $\frac{23500}{1000} = 23,5$ m ✓A ✓C	1C conversion 1A korrekte lengte (2)	M L1
1.1.3	Height/hoogte = 100 mm + 100 mm + 100 mm = 300 mm ✓A OR = 100 × 3 = 300 mm ✓MA	1MA adding 1A height in millimetres (2)	M L1
1.1.4	Mega : Regular/Gewoon 18 : 72 1 : 4 ✓A ✓MA	1MA correct order 1A simplified form (2)	M L1
1.1.5	Diameter/diameter = 140 - (29 + 29) = 82 mm ✓A ✓MA	1MA method with accuracy 1A correct diameter (2)	M L1
1.1.6	Cost/Koste = R392 ÷ 18 = R21,78 ✓A ✓MA	1MA price divided by 18 1A cost NPR (2)	F L1
1.1.7	Shape/Vorm: Rectangular/Reghoekig ✓✓A	2A correct shape (2)	M L1
1.1.8	Sheet/Velle = 320 ÷ 2 = 160 ✓A ✓MA	1MA dividing by 2 1A amount of sheets left (2)	M L1



1.2.1	Stile/ <i>Styl</i> ✓✓RT	2RT correct selection (2)	M&P L1
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
1.2.2	$A = 65,89 \cdot (28,5 + 28,5) \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= 8,89 \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ $B = \frac{91,89 - 65,89}{2} \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= 13 \quad \checkmark \text{A}$	1MA method with accuracy 1A length of A  1MA method with accuracy 1A length of B  (4)	M&P L1
1.2.3	Panels/ <i>Panele</i> : P3 and/en P4 ✓✓A	2A correct selection (2)	M&P L1
1.2.4	Dowels/ <i>penne</i> = 22 ✓✓A	2A correct amount (2)	M&P L1
1.2.5	Bottom rail/ <i>Onderste reeling</i> = 23cm ✓✓A	2A correct width (2)	M&P L1
1.2.6	$\text{Lenght /Lengte} = (20,3 + 61,5 + 60,3) \quad \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= 142,1 \text{ cm} \quad \checkmark \text{A}$	1MA adding the correct values 1A correct length  (2)	M&P L1
		<b>[30]</b>	



<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 2 [23 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
2.1.1	Wroclaw ✓✓RT	2RT reading name from map (2)	M&P L1
2.1.2	North West/Noordwes OR ✓✓RT NW	2RT reading direction from map (2)	M&P L2
2.1.3	Cost/Koste = $2 \times (10+15+10) + (5+7,5+5)$ = 70 + 17,5 ✓M = \$ 87,5 ✓CA	1RT using the correct values 1A converting discount price 1M adding 1CA cost (4)	M&P L2
2.1.4	12 ✓✓RT	2RT correct number (2)	M&P L1
2.1.5	Warsaw ✓✓RT	2RT correct city (2)	M&P L1
2.1.6	Destination/Bestemming : Zakopane ✓✓✓A	3A correct destination (3)	M&P L2
2.1.7	All the distances between the places are under 100 km. ✓✓O Accept any other credible reasons	2O reason (2)	M&P L4
2.1.8	A: 254 mile = 408 km 1 mile = $\frac{408}{254}$ km ✓M = 1,60630 ✓A Difference = 1,60934 – 1,60630 = 0.00304 ✓CA  B: 253 miles = 408 km 1 mile = $\frac{408}{253}$ km = 1,61264 ✓MA Difference = 1,61264 – 1,60934 = 0.0033 ✓CA  A is the closest ✓O	1M dividing 1A simplification 1CA difference  1MA method 1CA difference 1O correct opinion (6)	M&P L4
		<b>[23]</b>	



<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 3 [35 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
3.1	$\text{Radius} = 0,5 + 0,1 + 1 \quad \checkmark\text{MA}$ $= 1,6 \text{ m} \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	IMA adding the correct values ICA radius (2)	M L1
3.2	${}^{\circ}\text{C} = ({}^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) \div 1,8 \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= 18,33^{\circ}\text{Celsius} \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	ISFA correct substitution ICA (2)	M L2
3.3	$\text{Length / lengte} : 600 \div 100 = 6\text{m} \quad \checkmark\text{C}$ $\text{Area} = 6 \times 3 \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= 18 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA} \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ <p>Also accept answers in <math>\text{cm}^2</math></p>	IC conversion ISF substitution ICA area IA unit in square metres (4)	M L2
3.4	$\text{Radius} = 2,2 \div 2 = 1,1 \quad \checkmark\text{A}$ $\text{Volume} = 3,142 \times 1,1^2 \times 1 \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= 3,142 \times 1,21 \times 1$ $= 3,80182 \text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ $\text{Volume} = 3,142 \times 1 \times 1$ $= 3,142 \text{ m}^3 \text{ (given)}$ $\text{Volume} = 3,80182 \text{ m}^3 - 3,142 \text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark\text{M}$ $= 0,65982 \text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ $\text{Bricks/Stene} = \frac{0,65982}{0,0024} \quad \checkmark\text{M}$ $= 274,925 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ $= 275 \quad \checkmark\text{R}$	IA correct radius ISF correct substitution ICA volume of B IM subtracting A from B ICA volume of the wall IM dividing ICA amount of bricks IR Rounding (8)	M L3
3.5	$\text{Area} = 3,142 \times 1,6^2 \quad \checkmark\text{SF}$ $= 8,04352 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ $\text{Area of pond with wall} = 3,142 \times 1,1^2$ $= 3,80182 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$ $\text{Area to be covered by compost}$ $= 8,04352 - 3,80182 \quad \checkmark\text{M}$ $= 4,2417 \text{ m}^2 \quad \checkmark\text{CA}$	<b>CA from 3.1 &amp; 3.4</b> ISF substitution ICA area ICA area IM subtracting ICA simplification (5)	M L3



Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
3.6	<p>Volume of water = <math>3,142 \times 80\%</math>  <i>Volume van water</i> = <math>2,5136\text{m}^3</math> ✓A</p> <p>Volume = <math>2,5136 \times 1\,000</math>            = <math>2513,6 \ell</math> ✓C</p> <p>Flow rate/<i>Vloei tempo</i> = <math>1 \times \frac{2513,6}{39,6}</math> ✓M            = <math>63,4745</math> minutes ✓CA            = <math>63,474 \div 60</math> ✓C            = <math>01\text{h}03 \text{ min}</math> ✓CA            No she is wrong/<i>Nee sy is verkeerd</i> ✓O</p>	<p>1A volume of water</p> <p>1C converting to litres</p> <p>1M calculating flow rate per min</p> <p>1CA amount of time            1C converting min to hours            1CA duration            1O opinion</p> <p>(7)</p>	M L4
3.7	<p>3 SIDES of walkway/<i>3 KANTE van voetpad</i></p> <p><math>F = 0,005 \times 6</math>            = <math>0,03</math> ✓MA ✓M</p> <p>3 sides of walkway/<i>3sye van voetpad</i>:            Length = <math>(0,03 \times 2) + (6 \times 2) + 3</math> ✓CA            = <math>15,06 \text{ m}</math></p> <p>Bricks/<i>Stene</i> = <math>230 \div 1000 = 0,23</math>            = <math>0,23</math> ✓C</p> <p>Number/<i>Getal</i> = <math>15,06 \div 0,23</math> ✓M            = <math>65,48</math> ✓CA            Yes he is correct / <i>Ja hy is korrek</i> ✓O</p>	<p>1MA % calculation            1M adding 3 correct sides</p> <p>1CA length of walkway</p> <p>1C converting to meter            1M dividing by 0,23            1CA number of bricks</p> <p>1O correct opinion</p> <p>(7)</p>	M L4
			[35]



<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 4 [38 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
4.1.1	✓✓A Tuesday/ <i>Dinsdag</i>	2A correct day (2)	M L1
4.1.2	✓A ✓A 25 <sup>th</sup> August at 07:00/ <i>25ste Augustus om 07:00</i>	1A date 1A time (2)	M L1
4.1.3	✓RT ✓M Time/ <i>Tyd</i> : 23:03 – 22:43 = 20min : 02:40 + 30 = 03:00 ✓A	IRT correct values 1M difference in time 1A arrival time (3)	M L2
4.1.4	JHB > CPTWN ✓M <i>JHB . KPSD</i> = 25h15min CPTWN > JHB <i>KPSD &gt; JHB</i> = 25h58min ✓M Difference = 25H58 min – 25H15min ✓M = 43 min ✓CA	1M Time calculation  1M Time calculation 1M difference 1CA simplification (4)	M L2
4.1.5	✓A $P/W = \frac{1}{8}$ ✓A	1A denominator 1A numerator (2)	M L2
4.1.6	December/ <i>Desember</i> = R830 × 4 = R 3 320,00 ✓MA February/ <i>Februarie</i> = R690 × 4 = R2 760,00 ✓MA Cost/ <i>Koste</i> = R3 320,00 – R 2 760,00 ✓M = R560,00 ✓CA	1MA cost for Dec 1MA cost for Feb  1M subtracting 1CA difference in cost (4)	F L3
4.1.7	Time/ <i>Tyd</i> = $\frac{304}{110}$ ✓SF = 2h45m ✓CA ✓M ✓M Departure/ <i>Vertrek</i> = 09:05 – (1h00m+2h45m) = 05:20 ✓CA	1SF substitution 1CA travel time 1M subtracting one hour 1M subtracting travel time 1CA departure time (5)	M L3
4.1.8	Time/ <i>Tyd</i> = 22:43 – 15:00 = 7h43m ✓MA Speed = $\frac{556}{7h43m}$ ✓M ✓SF = 72km/h ✓CA No she is <del>not</del> correct ✓O	1MA time difference 1M changing subject of formula 1SF correct substitution 1CA speed 1O Opinion (5)	M L4
4.2.1	✓✓A Seats/ <i>Sitplekke</i> = 197	2A number of seats (2)	M&P L1

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
4.2.2	Floor plans are a drawing that show the relationship between rooms spaces and physical features viewed from above. ✓✓A <i>Vloerplanne is 'n tekening wat die verband tussen kamersruimtes en fisiese kenmerke soos van bo gesien wys.</i>	2A correct definition  (2)	M&P L1
4.2.3	Pass 3 seats turning right in the passage and walking in a westerly direction. <i>Gaan verby 4 sitplekke en draai regs in die gang en stap in 'n westelike rigting.</i> ✓A Turn left in the second passage and walk in a southerly direction to seat 13. <i>Draai links in die volgende gang en stap in 'n suidelike rigting na sitplek 13.</i> ✓A Passing seat 13 turn right and walk in a westerly direction. <i>Verby sitplek 13 draai regs en stap in 'n westelike rigting.</i> ✓A His friend will be seated on his left hand side in seat 14. <i>Sy vriend sal aan sy linkerkant in sitplek 14 sit.</i> ✓A	1A first correct direction  1A second correct direction  1A third correct direction  1A forth correct direction  (4)	M&P L2
4.2.4	$P/W = \frac{1}{6} \times 100\%$ ✓A ✓M $= 3,125\%$ ✓CA	1A Correct denominator and numerator 1M multiplying by 100 1CA percentage  (3)	P L2
		[38]	



<b>QUESTION/VRAAG 5 [24 MARKS/PUNTE]</b>			
<b>Q/V</b>	<b>Solution/Oplossing</b>	<b>Explanation/Verduideliking</b>	<b>T&amp;L</b>
5.1	$\checkmark\checkmark$ RT Bedroom G/ <i>Slaapkamer G</i>	2RT correct selection (2)	M&P L1
5.2	$\checkmark\checkmark$ A East elevation/ <i>Oostelike aansig</i>	2A correct comparison (2)	M&P L2
5.3	$\checkmark\checkmark$ RT 2 Foldable glass doors/ <i>Opvoubare glasdeure</i>	2A correct answer (2)	M&P L1
5.4	$\checkmark$ RT $L = (5 \times 129) + (3313 + 1100 + 2000 + 3127)$ $= 10185 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark$ CA	1RT 5 walls 1M adding all the correct values 1CA length (3)	M L2
5.5	$\checkmark$ A $\checkmark$ RT $\checkmark$ MA Scale / <i>Skaal</i> = 16 mm : 2500 mm $= 1 : 156.25$ $\checkmark$ CA $= 1 : 200$ $\checkmark$ R	1A measurement 1RT correct value 1MA correct order 1CA simplification 1R rounding Accept Range :15-17mm (5)	M&P L3
5.6	$P/W = \frac{1}{4}$ $\checkmark$ A $\checkmark$ A $= 0,25$ $\checkmark$ CA	1A denominator 1A numerator 1CA answer (3)	P L2
5.7	$\checkmark$ C $A = 5,927 \times 2,500$ $= 14,8175 \text{ m}^2$ $\checkmark$ CA Total area = $14,8175 \times 2$ $\checkmark$ M $= 29,635 \text{ m}^2$ $\checkmark$ CA Spread rate/ <i>verspreidings koers</i> = 1:5,6m <sup>2</sup> $= 1 \times \frac{29,635}{5,6}$ $\checkmark$ MA $= 5,29 \text{ l}$ $= (1 + 5) = 6$ $\checkmark$ CA Most economical way $\checkmark$ CA <i>Mees ekonomiese manier</i> = 1x5l and 1x 1l	1C conversion 1CA area 1M multiplying by 2 coats 1CA area 1MA method with accuracy 1CA amount of litres 1CA most economical way to buy (7)	M L3
			[24]
		<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>150</b>

