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**LIMPOPO**

**PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT**  
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

DEPARTMENT OF  
**EDUCATION**

**MOPANI WEST DISTRICT**

**GRADE 12**

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY**

**PRE-JUNE EXAM  
MEMO**

**P1**

**MARKS: 100**

**TIME: 2 hours**

1.1.1	The amount buyers will pay for the goods HAZEL is selling ✓✓O	2E explanation (2)	F L 1
1.1.2	$\frac{R55}{6} = R9,1\bar{7}$ ✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	F L 1
1.1.3	Dish washer toilet cleaner, pilchards ✓✓A	2A for toilet cleaner, for dish wash, pilchard R85  (2)	F L 1
1.1.4	=13 ✓✓A	2A correct answer AO (2)	F L 1
1.1.5	Total Cost Price=R85+R85+R85+R90+R55+R9+R70+R160 +R100+95+R70+90+60 ✓A✓M =R1 073 ✓CA	1A all correct values 1M adding 1CA answer 2 values left out 1 out of 3 (3)	F L 1

Question 1

## QUESTION 2

2.1.1	Fixed costs refer to the costs (R500) that are constant/stays the same despite how many muffins are produced. ✓✓A	2A definition (2)	F L1
2.1.2	Because the electricity cost does not stay the same/ remain constant every month. ✓✓	2O explanation given. (2)	F L1
2.1.3	✓RT Profit per muffin / Wins per muffin = R25 – R15 ✓M Profit per muffin / Wins per muffin = R10 ✓CA ✓M Profit selling 200 muffins. = (200 × R10) – R500 ✓M Profit selling 200 muffins. = R1 500 Therefore, HAZEL is correct. ✓O OR Income selling 200 muffins.	1RT values 1M subtract. 1CA R10 1M multiply by 200 1M subtract 500. 1O Correct (6)	F L3

$= R25 \times 200$ Income selling 200 muffins. $= R 5 000$ Expenses for 200 muffins $= R500 + (R15 \times 200)$ Expenses for 200 muffins $= R500 + R3 000$ Expenses for 200 muffins $= R3 500$ Profit = R5 000 – R3 500 Profit = R1 500 Therefore, HAZEL is correct.		
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## 2.2

2.2.1	VAT $15 \div 115 \times R1 207,50 \checkmark \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R157,50 \checkmark \text{A}$ OR/OF VAT $= R1 207,50 \times \frac{100}{115} \checkmark \text{MA}$ $= R1 050 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $\therefore R1 207,50 - R1 050$ $= R157,50 \checkmark \text{A}$	1A correct percentage 1M multiplying by correct amount 1CA amount of VAT MA dividing correct values 1M subtracting values 1CA amount of VAT AO (3)	F L2
2.2.2	Year 1 $R30 000 \times 24,5\% = R7 350 \checkmark \text{MA}$ $R30 000 + R7 350 = R37 350 \checkmark \text{CA}$  Year 2 $R37 350 \times 24,5\% = R9 150,75$ $R37 350 + R9 150,75 = R46 500,75 \checkmark \text{CA}$  Monthly service fee $= R69 \times 24$ $= R1 656 \checkmark \text{A}$  Total cost of loan $= R46 500,75 + R1 656 + R1 207,50 \checkmark \text{M}$ $= R49 364,25 \checkmark \text{CA}$ Difference $= R49 364,25 - R30 000$	1MA calculating interest 1CA 2nd year principal 1CA accumulated amount 1A service fee 1M adding all amounts 1CA total cost of loan 1CA difference 1O verification (8)	F L4

	= R19 364,25 ✓CA She is correct ✓O		
2.2.3	Their course (degree/diploma) of interest is not offered in their province (diploma) Freedom from parents To explore other provinces Influence of friends Any other relevant reason ✓✓O	2O reason	F L4

## 2.3

2.3.1	Gross income is the amount of her salary (income) before deductions are made.	2O correct explanation (2)	F L1 M
2.3.2	Annual taxable income excluding bonus: Pension fund $= R27500 \times \frac{705}{100}$ $= R2062.50$ ✓A Annual taxable income $= (R27500 - R2\ 062.50)$ ✓M $= R25\ 437.50$ ✓CA $= R25\ 437.50 \times 12$ ✓MA $= R305\ 250$ ✓CA	1M multiplying by 12 1 Pension fund 1A subtraction 1M method 1CA answer/accuracy (5)	F L4
2.3.3	Annual tax: $= 40\ 680 + 26\% (R305\ 250 - 226\ 000)$ ✓SF $= R61\ 285,80$ ✓CA $= R61\ 285 - R16\ 425$ ✓MA $= R44\ 860$ $= R44\ 860 - (347 + 347 + 234)$ ✓MA $= R43\ 932$ Monthly tax $= R43\ 932 \div 12$ ✓M $= R3\ 661$ ✓CA	1SF Sustitution 1A correct tax rate 1M subtracting rebate and MTC 1CA medical 1M dividing by 12 1CA answer/accuracy (6)	F L4
2.3.4	Percentage $= \frac{24800 - 27500}{27500} \times 100$ ✓✓M $= -9,8\%$ ✓A OR Percentage decrease $= (R27500 - R24800) \div R24800 \times 100$ ✓MA ✓M $= 9,8\%$ ✓A	1MA subtracting correct values 1M dividing by R27500 1A answer OR 1SF for substitution 1M dividing by R8481	F L

Grade 12

		1A answer (3)	
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QUESTION 3

3.1

3.1.1	Discrete data is a set of values that can be counted as a whole number. ✓A Continuous data is data that you measure as a decimal number. ✓A	1 discrete 1 continuous (2)A	D L2
3.1.2	50% ✓✓A	2A correct answer	DL1
3.1.3	Range = Maximum value – Minimum value 36 = 92 – A ✓MA A = 92 - 36 = 56 ✓A	1MA subtracting correct values 1A answer (2)	
3.1.4	62 ✓✓A	2A	
3.1.5	Mean <i>ISF</i> $68 = \frac{64+57+58+62+59+56+61+62+71+62+65+66+64+75+80+B+B+92+85}{20}$ $68 = \frac{2B+673}{20} \quad \square \text{ MA}$ 2B + 1199 = 1360 2B = 161 $\square$ MA <b>B = 80.5</b> <b>B = 81 <math>\square</math> CA</b>  <b>OR/OF</b> 2B + 1199 = 68 × 20 $\square$ MA 2B + 1199 = 1360 2B = 161 $\square$ MA B = 80.5 <b>B = 81 <math>\square</math></b>	1SF substitution mean correctly 1MA dividing by 9  1MA dividing by 2 1CA simplification OR/OF 1SF substitution mean correctly 1MA multiplying by 9  1MA dividing by 2 1CA simplification  (6)	
3.1.6	Median: 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 62 62 64	1M arranging	

	<p>64 65 66 71 75 80 81 81 85 92</p> <p>✓M</p> <p>56; 57; 58; 59; 61; 62; 62; 62; 64; 64; 65; 66; 71; 75; 80; 81; 81; 85; 92</p> <p>Median = <math>\frac{64+64}{2}</math> ✓M</p> <p>= 64</p> <p>= 64 ✓CA</p>	<p>data</p> <p>1M concept of median</p> <p>1CA answer (3)</p>	
3.1.7	<p>Probability = <math>\frac{4}{20}</math></p>	<p>1RT correct %</p> <p>1M fractional (2)</p>	<p>P</p> <p>L2</p> <p>M</p>
3.1.8	<p>56 57 58 59 60 61 62 62 62 64</p> <p>64 65 66 71 75 80 81 81 85 92</p> <p>Quartile 1</p> <p><math>=\frac{60+61}{2}</math> ✓A</p> <p>=60.5</p> <p>Quartile 3</p> <p><math>=\frac{75+80}{2}</math></p> <p>= 77.5 ✓A</p> <p>Interquartile range</p> <p>= Q3 – Q1</p> <p>= 77.5 – 60.5 ✓M</p> <p>= 17 ✓CA</p>	<p>1M arranging values</p> <p>1A Q1</p> <p>1A Q3</p> <p>1M concept of IQR</p> <p>1CA answer (4)</p>	<p>DG</p> <p>L3</p>

#### QUESTION 4

##### 4.1

4.1.1	<p>Minimum=12% ✓RG</p> <p>Maximum=96% ✓RG</p>	<p>1 RG for the minimum</p> <p>1 RG for the maximum (2)</p>	<p>DH</p> <p>L2</p>
4.1.2	<p>Lower Quartile Mark=28% ✓RG Number of learners=120 ✓A4 ✓M</p> <p>=34 ✓CA</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Lower Quartile Mark=28% ✓RG Number of learners=28% of 120 ✓A</p> <p>=25100×120 ✓M</p> <p>=34 ✓CA</p>	<p>1RG for Lower Quartile</p> <p>1A for .5</p> <p>1M for dividing by 4</p> <p>1CA for the answer</p> <p>OR</p> <p>1RG for Lower Quartile</p>	<p>DH</p> <p>L3</p>

	<p>OR                  Lower Quartile Mark=28% ✓RG Number of learners=<math>0,28 \times 120</math> ✓✓M                  =34 ✓CA</p>	<p>1A for 25% of 120                  1M for method                  1CA for the answer                  OR                  1RG for Lower Quartile                  1M for 0,25                  1M for multiplying                  1CA for the answer                  (4)</p>	
4.1.3	<p>Lower Quartile=22% ✓RG Upper Quartile=58% ✓RG IQR=58%–22% ✓SF                  =36% ✓CA</p>	<p>1RG for Lower Quartile                  1RG for Upper Quartile                  1SF substitution                  1CA for answer/accuracy                  (4)</p>	DH L3
4.1.4	<p>2021 Class ✓A                  Higher maximum mark ✓O                  Higher Lower Quartile ✓O                  Higher Upper Quartile ✓O</p>	<p>1A for the class                  1O maximum mark                  1O for Lower Quartile                  1O for Upper Quartile                  (4)</p>	DH L4

4.2

4.2.1	<p>Immediately get money from customers                  It easy to collect its income from electricity                  No bad debts on prepaid electricity                  It enables its customers to save electricity and the municipality can supply more customers                  It gets more income on customers that use more electricity ✓✓                  Accept any other logical explanation.</p>	<p>1O reason                  1O reason                  (2)</p>	F L1 M
4.2.2	<p>Units purchased = <math>\frac{R68.02}{1.4472}</math> ✓✓                  = 47 kWh ✓</p>	<p>1MA division with the correct values                  1A answer                  (3)</p>	F L3 M
4.2.3	<p>Municipality's cost = <math>290 \times 1,33</math> ✓                  = R385,50 ✓                  Customer pays:                  = <math>50 \times 1,4472</math>                  = R72,36 ✓</p>	<p>1A municipality's cost                  1MA multiplication and simplification in block 1</p>	F L4 M



$=240 \times 1,8606$ $= R446,544 \checkmark$ Total price paid $= R72,36 + R446,544$ $= R518,90$ % Profit $= \frac{R518,90 - R385,50}{R385,50} \times 100$ $= 34,60 \% \checkmark$ Valid $\checkmark$	1MA multiplication and simplification in block 2 1SF substitution in formula 1CA answer 1O answer (6)	
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