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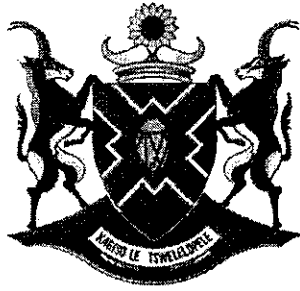
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GRADE 12

**MATHEMATICS P1
MEMORANDUM
SEPTEMBER 2016**

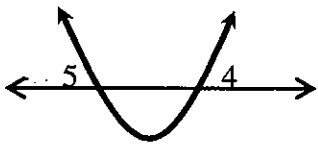
MARKS: 150

This memorandum consists of 20 pages.

NOTE:

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking memorandum.

QUESTION 1

<p>1.1.1</p>	$7x(2x - 1) = 0$ $7x = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad 2x - 1 = 0$ $x = 0 \qquad \qquad 2x = 1$ $\qquad \qquad \qquad x = \frac{1}{2}$	<p>✓ $x = 0$ ✓ $x = \frac{1}{2}$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>						
<p>1.1.2</p>	$2x^2 + x = 4$ $2x^2 + x - 4 = 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4(2)(-4)}}{2(2)}$ $= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4}$ $x = 1,19 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -1,69$	<p>✓ standard form</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ $x = 1,19$ ✓ $x = -1,69$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>						
<p>1.1.3</p>	<p>$(x - 4)(x + 5) \geq 0$ $\therefore x \leq -5 \quad \text{or} \quad x \geq 4$</p>  <p>OR</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">-</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">-</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">+</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">+</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">-</td> <td style="padding: 0 10px;">+</td> </tr> </table> <p>$(-\infty; -5] \cup [4; \infty)$</p>	-	-	+	+	-	+	<p>✓ $x \leq -5$ ✓ $x \geq 4$ ✓ or</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p> <p>✓ $x \in (-\infty; -5]$ ✓ $x \in [4; \infty)$ ✓ or</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
-	-	+						
+	-	+						

<p>1.1.4</p>	$3x^{\frac{2}{5}} - 5x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2 = 0$ <p>Let $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = k$</p> $\therefore 3k^2 - 5k - 2 = 0$ $(3k + 1)(k - 2) = 0$ $3k = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad k = 2$ $k = -\frac{1}{3}$ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$ $x = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 \quad x = 2^5$ $x = -\frac{1}{243} \quad x = 32$ <p>OR</p> $3x^{\frac{2}{5}} - 5x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2 = 0$ $(3x^{\frac{1}{5}} + 1)(x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2) = 0$ $3x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3} \quad x = 2^5$ $x = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^5 \quad x = 32$ $x = -\frac{1}{243}$	<p>✓ factors</p> <p>✓ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3}$ or $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$</p> <p>✓ $x = -\frac{1}{243}$</p> <p>✓ $x = 32$</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ factors</p> <p>✓ $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\frac{1}{3}$ or $x^{\frac{1}{5}} = 2$</p> <p>✓ $x = -\frac{1}{243}$</p> <p>✓ $x = 32$</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>1.2</p>	$\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \quad \text{and} \quad (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $2x - 1 = y$ $(3x - y) = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x + y = 0$ $3x - (2x - 1) = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x + (2x - 1) = 0$ $x = -1 \quad \text{or} \quad 3x = 1$ $x = \frac{1}{3}$ $y = 2(-1) - 1 \quad \text{or} \quad y = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - 1$ $= -3 \quad \quad \quad = -\frac{1}{3}$ <p>OR</p>	<p>✓ $2x - 1 = y$</p> <p>✓ two factors = 0</p> <p>✓ substitution</p> <p>✓ both x-values</p> <p>✓✓ y-values</p> <p>(6)</p>

	$\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \text{ and } (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $2x - 1 = y$ $(3x - (2x - 1))(x + (2x - 1)) = 0$ $(x + 1)(3x - 1) = 0$ $x = -1 \text{ or } 3x = 1$ $x = \frac{1}{3}$ $y = 2(-1) - 1 \text{ or } y = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - 1$ $= -3 \qquad = -\frac{1}{3}$ <p>OR</p> $\frac{2x}{1+y} = 1; y \neq -1 \text{ and } (3x - y)(x + y) = 0$ $2x = 1 + y$ $x = \frac{1+y}{2}$ $(3x - y) = 0 \text{ or } (x + y) = 0$ $3\left(\frac{1+y}{2}\right) - y = 0 \qquad \frac{1+y}{2} + y = 0$ $3(1+y) = 2y \qquad 1+y = -2y$ $3+3y = 2y \qquad 3y = -1$ $y = -3 \qquad y = -\frac{1}{3}$ $x = \frac{1-3}{2} \text{ or } x = \frac{1-\frac{1}{3}}{2}$ $x = -1 \qquad x = \frac{1}{3}$	<p>✓ $2x - 1 = y$ ✓ substitution ✓ factors = 0</p> <p>✓ both x-values</p> <p>✓✓ y-values</p> <p>(6)</p> <p>✓ $x = \frac{1+y}{2}$ ✓ two factors = 0</p> <p>✓ substitution</p> <p>✓ both y-values</p> <p>✓✓ x-values</p> <p>(6)</p>
<p>1.3</p>	<p>$f(x)$ a hyperbola with asymptotes $y = 0$ and $x = 2$. Range of f: $y > 0$ or $y < 0$. $g(x)$ is an increasing exponential function translated 2 units right, thus $y > 0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Therefore f and g intersect only once.</p>	<p>✓ f is hyperbola; $y > 0$ or $y < 0$ ✓ g: range of g: $y > 0$ (increasing exponential) ✓ explanation</p> <p>(3)</p>

OR		<p>✓ f: hyperbola sketch;</p> <p>✓ g: sketch of g</p> <p>✓ g: explanation: If $x < 2$: $g(x) > 0$, $f(x) < 0$ thus no root. If $x > 2$: $g(x) > 0$, $f(x) > 0$ thus one root only</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [22]</p>
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QUESTION 2

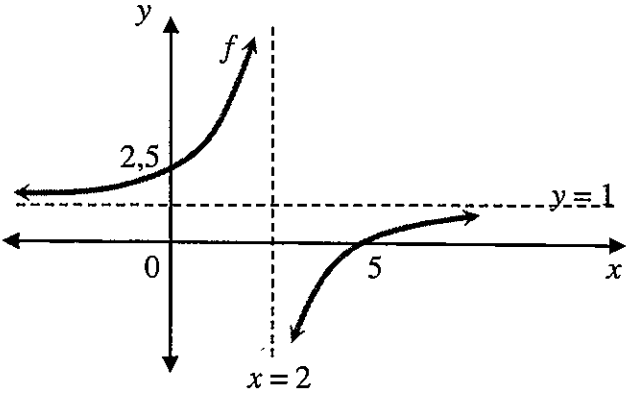
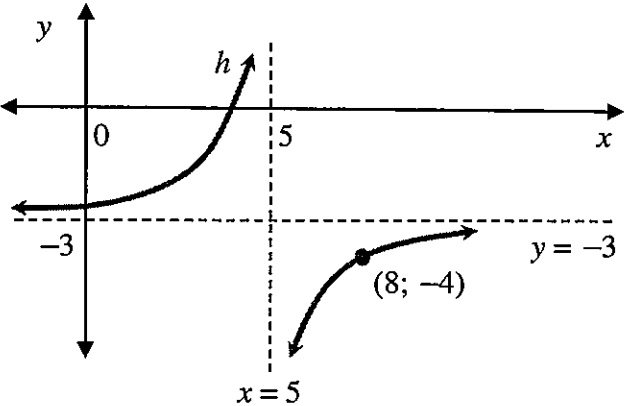
2.1.1	1 st differences: $2x; 3x; 4x$	✓ first 3 terms (1)
2.1.2	$T_{100} = 101x$	✓ $101x$ (1)
2.1.3	<p style="text-align: center;"> $2 ; \quad 6 ; \quad 12 ; \quad 20$ </p> <p> $2a = 2$ $a = 1$ $T_2 - T_1 = 3a + b$ $4 = 3(1) + b$ $b = 1$ $T_1 = a + b + c$ $2 = 1 + 1 + c$ $c = 0$ $\therefore T_n = n^2 + n$ </p>	<p>✓ second difference = 2</p> <p>✓ $a = 1$</p> <p>✓ $b = 1$</p> <p>✓ $c = 0$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
2.2.1	$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$ $\frac{x}{54} = \frac{6}{x}$ $x^2 = 324$ $x = \pm 18$	<p>✓ $\frac{x}{54} = \frac{6}{x}$</p> <p>✓ $x = \pm 18$</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>

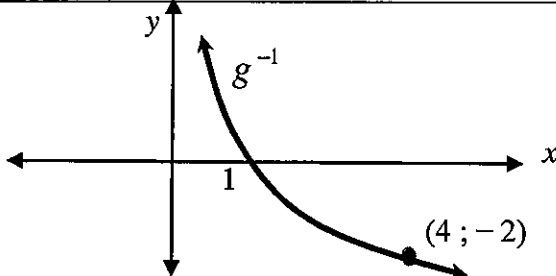
2.2.2	$r = \frac{T_2}{T_1}$ $= \pm \frac{18}{54}$ $= \pm \frac{1}{3}$ $\therefore -1 < r < 1$ $\therefore \text{converging sequence}$	$\checkmark r = \pm \frac{1}{3}$ $\checkmark -1 < r < 1$ $\checkmark \text{converging}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
2.3	$11 + 14 + 17 + \dots = 4k$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d]$ $4k = \frac{56}{2}[2(11) + (55)(3)]$ $4k = 5236$ $k = 1309$ <p>OR</p> $11 + 14 + 17 + \dots = 4k$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[a + l]$ $4k = \frac{56}{2}[11 + 176]$ $4k = 5236$ $k = 1309$	$\checkmark 11 + 14 + 17 + \dots$ $\checkmark S_n = 4k$ $\checkmark \text{substitution into correct formula}$ $\checkmark n = 56$ $\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p> $\checkmark 11 + 14 + 17 + \dots$ $\checkmark S_n = 4k$ $\checkmark \text{substitution into correct formula}$ $\checkmark n = 56$ $\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
2.4.1	$4; \frac{1}{36}$	$\checkmark \text{answer}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>

2.4.2	$4; 4; 4; \dots$ 13 terms $\frac{3}{4}; \frac{1}{4}; \frac{1}{12}; \dots$ 12 terms $S_{13} = 13(4)$ $= 52$ $S_{12} = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$ $= \frac{\frac{3}{4} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^{12} \right)}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}$ $= 1,12$ $S_{25} = S_{13} + S_{12}$ $= 52 + 1,12$ $= 53,12$	$\checkmark n = 13$ $\checkmark S_{13} = 52$ $\checkmark n = 12$ \checkmark substitution into correct formula $\checkmark S_{12} = 1,12$ \checkmark answer (6) [23]
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QUESTION 3

3.1	$y = \frac{-3}{0-2} + 1$ $= \frac{3}{2} + 1$ $= 2,5$ or $y = \frac{5}{2}$ $\therefore (0; 2,5)$ or $\left(0; \frac{5}{2} \right)$	$\checkmark x = 0$ $\checkmark y = 2,5$ or $y = \frac{5}{2}$ (2)
3.2	$0 = \frac{-3}{x-2} + 1$ $-1 = \frac{-3}{x-2}$ $x - 2 = 3$ $x = 5$ $\therefore (5; 0)$	$\checkmark y = 0$ $\checkmark x = 5$ (2)

<p>3.3</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ shape ✓ both intercepts ✓ both asymptotes <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>3.4</p>	<p>$y \in \mathbb{R}; y \neq 1$</p> <p>OR $y < 1$ or $y > 1$</p> <p>OR $y \in (-\infty; 1) \cup y \in (1; \infty)$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $y \in \mathbb{R}$ ✓ $y \neq 1$ (2) ✓ $y < 1$; ✓ $y > 1$ (2) ✓ $y \in (-\infty; 1)$ ✓ $y \in (1; \infty)$ <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>3.5</p>	<p>$h(x) = \frac{-3}{x-5} - 3$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $\frac{-3}{x-5}$ ✓ -3 <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>3.6</p>	<p>From the graph of h:</p>  <p>$5 < x \leq 8$ or $x \in (5; 8]$</p> <p>OR From translations: $h(x) \leq -4 \therefore f(x) \leq 0$ (4 units up) If $f(x) \leq 0$, then $2 < x \leq 5$ \therefore for $h(x)$: $5 < x \leq 8$ (3 units to the right)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ (8; -4) ✓ $5 < x$ ✓ $x \leq 8$ ✓ $f(x) \leq 0$ ✓ $f(x)$: $2 < x \leq 5$ ✓ $h(x)$: $5 < x \leq 8$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

<p>4.4</p>	$k(x) = 2(-x + 1)^2 - 8$ $= 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x + 2 - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$ <p>OR</p> $k(x) = 2(-x)^2 + 4(-x) - 6$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$ <p>OR</p> $k(x) = 2(x - 1)^2 - 8$ $= 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x + 2 - 8$ $= 2x^2 - 4x - 6$	<p>✓ substituting x by $-x$</p> <p>✓ simplification $(x^2 - 2x + 1)$</p> <p>✓ answer $(2x^2 - 4x - 6)$</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ substituting x by $-x$</p> <p>✓✓ answer</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>✓ substituting $(x + 1)$ by $(x - 1)$</p> <p>✓ simplification $(x^2 - 2x + 1)$</p> <p>✓ answer $(2x^2 - 4x - 6)$</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>4.5</p>	$x = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^y$ $y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x$ <p>OR</p> $y = -\log_2 x$ <p>OR</p> $y = \log_2 \frac{1}{x}$	<p>✓ answer (1)</p> <p>✓ answer (1)</p> <p>✓ answer (1)</p>
<p>4.6</p>		<p>✓ shape</p> <p>✓ x-intercept</p> <p>✓ point $(4; -2)$ or any other point</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>4.7.1</p>	<p>$0 < x \leq 4$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$x \in (0; 4]$</p>	<p>✓ $0 < x$</p> <p>✓ $x \leq 4$ (2)</p> <p>✓✓ answer (2)</p>
<p>4.7.2</p>	<p>x-intercepts: $x = -3$ and $x = 1$</p> <p>If $x < 0$ then $f(x) > 0$:</p> <p>$\therefore x < -3$</p> <p>or if $x > 0$ then $f(x) < 0$:</p> <p>$\therefore 0 < x < 1$</p>	<p>✓✓ $x < -3$</p> <p>✓✓ $0 < x < 1$</p> <p>(4)</p>

	OR $x \in (0; 1) \cup (-\infty; -3)$	$\checkmark\checkmark (0; 1)$ $\checkmark\checkmark (-\infty; -3)$ (4) [19]
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QUESTION 5

5.1	$0,10 \times R980\ 000$ $= R98\ 000$ $\therefore \text{Loan} = 980\ 000 - 98\ 000$ $= R882\ 000$ OR $\text{Loan} = R980\ 000 - 0,10 (R980\ 000)$ $= R882\ 000$ OR $\text{Loan} = 0,9 \times R980\ 000$ $= R882\ 000$	$\checkmark 0,10 \times R980\ 000$ $\checkmark R882\ 000$ (2) $\checkmark 0,10 \times R980\ 000$ $\checkmark R882\ 000$ (2) $\checkmark 0,9 \times R980\ 000$ $\checkmark R882\ 000$ (2)
5.2	$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $882\ 000 = \frac{10\ 000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $\frac{1617}{2000} = 1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} = \frac{383}{2000}$ $-n = \log_{\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)} \frac{383}{2000}$ $-n = -181,14$ $n = 181,14$ $\therefore \text{It takes 182 months}$ OR	$\checkmark i = \frac{0,11}{12}$ \checkmark substitution into the correct formula $\checkmark \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} = \frac{383}{2000}$ \checkmark introducing logs $-n = \log_{\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)} \frac{383}{2\ 000}$ or $-n = \log_{\left(\frac{1211}{1200} \right)} 0,1915$ or $-n = \frac{\log 0,1915}{\log 1,00916667}$ $\checkmark n = 181,14$ $\checkmark 182 \text{ months}$ (6)

	$P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $882\,000 = \frac{10\,000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $\frac{383}{2000} = \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\log \left(\frac{383}{2000} \right) = \log \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$ $\log \left(\frac{383}{2000} \right) = -n \log \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)$ $-n = -181,14$ $n = 181,14$ <p>∴ It takes 182 months</p>	<p>✓ $i = \frac{0,11}{12}$</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ $\frac{383}{2000} = \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-n}$</p> <p>✓ introducing logs</p> $-n = \frac{\log \left(\frac{383}{2000} \right)}{\log \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)}$ <p>or $-n = \frac{\log 0,1915}{\log 1,00916667}$</p> <p>✓ $n = 181,14$</p> <p>✓ 182 months</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>
<p>5.3</p>	$n = 181,1379918 - 90$ $= 91,1379918$ $P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $P_v = \frac{10\,000 \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12} \right)^{-91,1379918} \right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $= R615\,991,70$ <p>OR</p>	<p>✓ $n = 91,1379918$</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

	$A = P(1 + i)^n$ $= 882\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{90}$ $A = R2\,005\,069,01$ $F_v = \frac{x[(1 + i)^n - 1]}{i}$ $= \frac{10\,000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{90} - 1\right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $F_v = R1\,389\,077,31$ <p>Outstanding balance after 90 instalments:</p> $= R2\,005\,069,01 - R1\,389\,077,31$ $= R615\,991,70$	<p>✓ substitution into the correct formula (or 2 005 069,01)</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula (or 1 389 077,31)</p> <p>✓ answer (R615 991,70)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
5.4	$A = P(1 + i)^n$ $= 615\,991,70 \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^5$ $= 644\,747,02$ $P_v = \frac{x[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$ $644\,747,02 = \frac{x \left[1 - \left(1 + \frac{0,11}{12}\right)^{-87}\right]}{\frac{0,11}{12}}$ $x = R10\,786,84$	<p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p>✓ substitution into the correct formula</p> <p>✓ $n = 182 - 95 = 87$</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5) [16]</p>

QUESTION 6

<p>6.1</p> $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ $f(x + h) = \frac{3}{x + h}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3}{x + h} - \frac{3}{x}}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - 3(x + h)}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3}{x^2}$ <p>OR</p> $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ $f(x + h) = \frac{3}{x + h}$ $f(x + h) - f(x) = \frac{3}{x + h} - \frac{3}{x}$ $= \frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)}$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3h}{x(x + h)} \times \frac{1}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3}{x(x + h)}$ $= \frac{-3}{x^2}$	<p>✓ subst (x + h) in f(x)</p> <p>✓ substitution into formula</p> <p>✓ $\frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}$</p> <p>✓ simplification</p> <p>✓ answer (5)</p> <p>✓ subst (x + h) in f(x)</p> <p>✓ $\frac{3x - 3x - 3h}{x(x + h)}$</p> <p>✓ substitution into formula</p> <p>✓ simplification</p> <p>✓ answer (5)</p>
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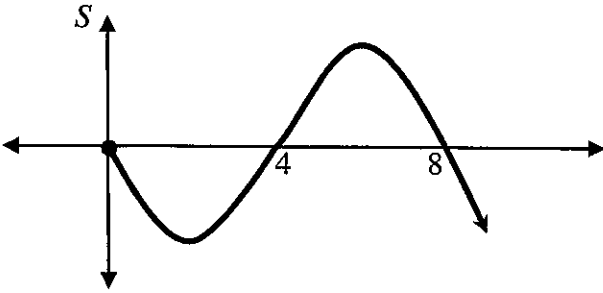
<p>6.2.1</p>	$y = \pi^3 x - x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \pi^3 - \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$	$\checkmark -x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ $\checkmark \pi^3$ $\checkmark -\frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>6.2.2</p>	$y = \frac{7}{4}x^4 - \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$ <p>OR</p> $y = \frac{x(7x^4 - 3)}{4x}$ $= \frac{1}{4}(7x^4 - 3)$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4}(7(4)x^3 - 0)$ $= 7x^3$	$\checkmark y = \frac{7}{4}x^4 - \frac{3}{4}$ $\checkmark \frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$ $\checkmark y = \frac{1}{4}(7x^4 - 3)$ $\checkmark \frac{dy}{dx} = 7x^3$ <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[10]</p>

QUESTION 7

<p>7.1</p>	$f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + qx - 12$ $36 = (-4)^3 + p(-4)^2 + q(-4) - 12$ $36 = -64 + 16p - 4q - 12$ $112 = 16p - 4q$ $28 = 4p - q \dots\dots(1)$ $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2px + q$ $f'(-4) = 3(-4)^2 + 2p(-4) + q$ $0 = 48 - 8p + q$ $-48 = -8p + q \dots\dots(2)$ $28 = 4p - q \dots\dots(1)$ <p>(1) + (2):</p> $-20 = -4p$ $5 = p$ <p>(1): $28 = 4(5) - q$</p> $q = -8$	\checkmark substitution of (-4; 36) into $f(x)$ $\checkmark 28 = 4p - q$ $\checkmark f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2px + q$ $\checkmark f'(-4) = 0$ $\checkmark 48 = 8p - q$ <p>OR $-48 = -8p + q$</p> \checkmark simplification <p style="text-align: right;">(6)</p>
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<p>7.2</p>	<p>$f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 12$ $f(x) = (x + 1)(x^2 + 4x - 12)$ (long division method) $0 = (x + 1)(x^2 + 4x - 12)$ $0 = (x + 1)(x + 6)(x - 2)$ $x = -1$ or $x = -6$ or $x = 2$ Coordinates of other x-intercepts are: $(-6; 0)$ or $(2; 0)$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$(x + 1)(x^2 + bx - 12) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 12$ $bx - 12x = -8x$ $b - 12 = -8$ $\therefore b = 4$ $x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0$ $(x + 6)(x - 2) = 0$ $x = -6$ or $x = 2$ Coordinates of other x-intercepts are: $(-6; 0)$ or $(2; 0)$</p>	<p>✓ $(x+1)(x^2+4x-12)$ ✓ factors ✓ $(-6; 0)$ ✓ $(2; 0)$</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ $b = 4$ ✓ factors $(x + 6)(x - 2)$ ✓ $(-6; 0)$ ✓ $(2; 0)$</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>7.3</p>	<p>$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8$ $f'(1) = 3(1)^2 + 10(1) - 8$ $= 5$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y + 14 = 5(x - 1)$ $y = 5x - 19$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8$ $f'(1) = 3(1)^2 + 10(1) - 8$ $= 5$ $y = mx + c$ $-14 = 5(1) + c$ $-19 = c$ $\therefore y = 5x - 19$</p>	<p>✓ $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8$ ✓ $f'(1) = 5$ ✓ substitution ✓ answer</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>✓ $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 10x - 8$ ✓ $f'(1) = 5$ ✓ substitution ✓ answer</p> <p>(4)</p>
<p>7.4</p>	<p>$0 < k \leq 7$</p>	<p>✓ $0 < k$ ✓ $k \leq 7$</p> <p>(2) [16]</p>

QUESTION 8

8.1	$S(t) = -t^3 + 12t^2 - 32t$ $0 = -t^3 + 12t^2 - 32t$ $0 = t^3 - 12t^2 + 32t$ $0 = t(t^2 - 12t + 32)$ $0 = t(t - 4)(t - 8)$ $t = 0 \text{ or } t = 4 \text{ or } t = 8$ $\therefore \text{After 8 hours}$ 	$\checkmark 0 = t(t^2 - 12t + 32)$ $\checkmark \text{factors}$ $\checkmark t = 8$ <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
8.2	$S'(t) = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $0 = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $0 = 3t^2 - 24t + 32$ $t = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{(-24)^2 - 4(3)(32)}}{2(3)}$ $\text{or } t = \frac{-24 \pm \sqrt{(24)^2 - 4(-3)(-32)}}{2(-3)}$ $t = 1,69 \text{ hours or } t = 6,31 \text{ hours}$ $S(1,69) = -(1,69)^3 + 12(1,69)^2 - 32(1,69)$ $= -24,63 \text{ km}$ $S(6,31) = -(6,31)^3 + 12(6,31)^2 - 32(6,31)$ $= 24,63 \text{ km}$ $\therefore \text{Distance is } 24,63 \text{ km}$	$\checkmark S'(t) = -3t^2 + 24t - 32$ $\checkmark S'(t) = 0$ $\checkmark \text{substitution into the formula}$ $\checkmark t = 1,69 \text{ or } t = 6,31$ $\checkmark 24,63 \text{ km}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
8.3	$S''(t) = -6t + 24$ $0 = -6t + 24$ $6t = 24$ $\therefore t = 4$ $S'(4) = -3(4)^2 + 24(4) - 32$ $= 16 \text{ km/h}$	$\checkmark S''(t) = -6t + 24$ $\checkmark S''(t) = 0$ $\checkmark t = 4$ $\checkmark 16 \text{ km/h}$ <p style="text-align: right;">(4) [12]</p>

QUESTION 9

9.1		<p>First event: ✓ M 4/7 ; TM 3/7</p> <p>Second event: ✓ M: ET 5/10; MT 3/10; CT 2/10</p> <p>✓ TM: ET 4/10; MT 5/10; CT 1/10</p> <p>✓ Outcomes</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
9.2.1	$P(\text{TM and MT}) = \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}$ $= \frac{3}{14}$	<p>✓ $\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}$</p> <p>✓ $\frac{3}{14}$ or 0,21</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
9.2.2	$P(\text{ET}) = \frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10} + \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{10}$ $= \frac{16}{35} = 0,46$	<p>✓ $\frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{10}$</p> <p>✓ $\frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{10}$</p> <p>✓ $\frac{16}{35}$ or 0,46</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [9]</p>

QUESTION 10

10.1.1	$10^6 = 1\,000\,000$	<p>✓ 10^6 or 1 000 000</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>
10.1.2	$(8)(7)(6)(5)$ $= 1680$ OR ${}_8P_4$ $= 1680$	<p>✓ (8)(7)(6)(5)</p> <p>✓ 1680</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p> <p>✓ ${}_8P_4$</p> <p>✓ 1680</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
10.2	$10! - (9!)(2!)$ $= 3\,628\,800 - 725\,760$ $= 2\,903\,040$	<p>✓ 10!</p> <p>✓ (9!)(2!)</p> <p>✓ answer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [6]</p>
		<p style="text-align: right;">TOTAL: 150</p>

COGNITIVE GRID

Questions	Levels				Topics					
	L1	L2	L3	L4	Alg	Pat	Func	Fin	Diff	Prob
1.1.1	2				2					
1.1.2		4			4					
1.1.3	3				3					
1.1.4			4		4					
1.2		6			6					
1.3				3	3					
2.1.1	1					1				
2.1.2		1				1				
2.1.3		4				4				
2.2.1	2					2				
2.2.2	3					3				
2.3				5		5				
2.4.1	1					1				
2.4.2			6			6				
3.1	2						2			
3.2		2					2			
3.3	3						3			
3.4	2						2			
3.5	2						2			
3.6				3			3			
3.7			3				3			
4.1	1						1			
4.2	1						1			
4.3		4					4			
4.4		3					3			
4.5	1						1			
4.6	3						3			
4.7.1				2			2			
4.7.2				4			4			
5.1	2							2		
5.2			6					6		
5.3			3					3		
5.4			5					5		
6.1			5						5	
6.2.1		3							3	
6.2.2		2							2	
7.1			6						6	
7.2		4							4	
7.3			4						4	
7.4				2					2	
8.1		3							3	
8.2		5							5	
8.3			4						4	

Question	Levels				Topics					
	L1	L2	L3	L4	Alg	Pat	Func	Fin	Diff	Prob
9.1		4								4
9.2.1		2								2
9.2.2		3								3
10.1.1	1									1
10.1.2		2								2
10.2				3						3
Policy:										
Marks	30	52,5	45	22,5	25	25	35	15	35	15
%	20	35	30	15						
Real:										
Marks	30	52	46	22	22	23	36	16	38	15
%	20	35	30	15						